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An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Fress Foundation

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Kidnappers threaten U.S.

BEIRUT (AP) — Kidnappers holding two American hostages Saturday held the United States responsible for the massacre of eight Palestinian workers near Tei Aviv and vowed to make the United States and Israeli "pay the price." The threat was made by the Organisation of Islamic Jihad for the Liberation of Palestine in a handwritten statement delivered to a Western news agency in Belrut. The Arabic-language statement was accompanied by a picture of U.S. hostages Jesse Turner and Alann Sceen, who were kidnapped Jan. 24, 1987 from Beirut University College where they taught. Turner, 42, and Steen, 50, were professors serving with the U.S.-affiliated college when they were abducted by gummen posing as Lebensee riot police. "America is directly responsible for shedding the blood of our people and their cause," said the 18-line statement. "We warm America and laract that future developments will not be in the interest of either of them. They will realise that the blood will not be wasted. They will pay the price," the statement said. The Islamic likad for the Liberation of Palestine took credit for the kidaapping of Turner and Streen and fellow professors American Robert Pultill, who was released April 22, and Indian Mitheleshwar Singh, released Oct. 3, 1968.

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is not a "die National Council (PNC) Speaker it to Her Mir Sheikh Abdul Hamid Al Sech ace. She R sont a message to a group of Palestinans, envently staging a junger strike at the headquarters of the International Committee rices, drops she has box. of the Red Crescout in Jerusalem. aid the que advice. group and said this hunger strike, lly. She list. which condemns the Israeli s because to occupation crimes against the Palestinian people, expresses the will of the Palestinians in the all right..., 1 occupied funds and the disaspora e, the quent for national independence. Such said in the measage that the PNC sent measages to aB parliaments and peace lowing nations in the pay our pe sorted calling them to express solidarity with the strikers and to Fonda₈₆ back the just demands and the national rights of the Palestinian CNN par.

PTC head retired

AMMAN (Petra) - The Cabinet met Saturday and decided to pension Public Transport Cosporation (PTC) Director General Mohammad Jamil Abul Tayyeb as of the beginning of June upon his request. The Cabinet also approved the executive programme for a cultural and scientific cooperation between Jordan and the Soviet Union for the year 1990 and 1991. The programme aims to enhance cooperation beral, scientific, youth and aports fields. The Cabinet also approved the appointment of several mayors who were elected to chair municipal conocils.

Thousands flood Moscow shops

authorities pleading with citizens to stop houring food, accused government Saturday of panicking crowds of thousands who thronged shops. In response to the chaos, Moscow City comcil postponed until Monday 2 two-week ban on food sales to out-of-town residents which it had said would take effect Saturday. We've lost faith in the government. The only thing we believe in now is God," said a young woman, carrying several large bags stuffed with meat and choose from fast emptying shops.
Moscow Mayor Gavril Popov. appealing for calm, toki a news conference: The situation in the city is genting critical. There is a neal danger of things getting out of control. Hundreds of sands of people are in the

in Tokyo blast

TOKYO (R) - Six people died and 22 were injured Saturday shen a series of explosions rocked a chemical factory in western Tokyo, police and firemen said. More than 50 fire engines were sent to fight the fire at the plant in the itabashi ward of the city, they said. The fire was brought under control. But five of the injured are in critical condition," a fire department spokesman said. The since of the explosion was not known, but firemen said it was possible the blast was caused by a chemical used in processing plas-

Huge pro-spartheid rally in S. Africa

PRETORIA (AP) - Tens of thousands of whites shouted their support for apartheid and white minority rule Saturday at a mass gathering to challenge the govconnent's mandato to share power with the black majority. The so-called 'new South Africa' of forced integration which the govcomment is forcing on us gives us no other choice but to defend our tights and our property at all levels of our community." Conservative Party leader Andries Tremmicht told the largest proapartheid rally since President F.W. de Klerk came to power last year. The Conservative Party had predicted up to 100,000 whites would attend the rally at the Voortrekker monument, built on a hill overlooking Pretoria 10 commemorate the pionecring forefathers of the Afrikaners who consists a majority of South Africa's five million whites.

Arab turning point expected at Baghdad

From Lamis Andoni to Baghdad

AS LEADERS have started to arrive in Baghdad for the emergency summit which be-gins Monday political analysis believe that the conference will constitute a turning point albeit not a radical shift - in the Arab World's attitude towards the superpowers.

THe shift, according to Arab officials, is dictated by the American position towards the Palestinian people's national rights, and most recently towards Iraq, and by the upheavals in Eastern Europe and Moscow's policy towards Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel.

But, while there is concensus on the general nature of the Arab attitude towards Moscow and even Eastern Europe, the

Arab position towards the U.S. has so far proved the most controversial issue of the sum-

Arab officials told the Jordan Times that draft resolutions, which will be submitted by the Arab foreign ministers to the summit, indicate that Arah relationship with the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe will from now on "be dictated by mutual interests."

In other words, the Arab summit will adapt to the changing attitude of most Eastern European countries, some of which had restored diplomatic relations with Israel, but without taking a hostile stand towards these governments. In past summits, resolutions used to take for granted automatic Soviet and Eastern European support for Arab causes. "But

now the Arab decision-makers realise that they have a lot of hard work to do to secure the support, and even the neutrality of some of their former allies," said a political observer

who is very close to meeongs.

The main focus of the summit, however, is expected to be on means to counter the U.S. support for Israel and Washington's "unwillingness" to recognise the Palestinian people's national rights. In the view of many Arab officials, particularly the Palestinian delegation. any strategy to confront Israel but falling short of countering the U.S. will be "lacking and

uscless." The Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) efforts to make the Arah foreign ministers couate Israeli threats with American threats were confronted with strong opposition from Egypt and Saudi Arabia. The PLO, backed mainly by Iraq, submitted a draft resolution referring to "the Israeli and American threats to the Arah Nation." The draft resolution was challenged by the

Saudi Arabia. According to Arab officials, the foreign ministers drafted a modified version of the resolution, changing the phrases to "Israeli threats backed by the

foreign ministers of Egypt and

The compromise draft, however, was rejected by Egypt and Saudi Arabia. They suggested that the resolution should not make any reference to the U.S. by name.

Egypt suggested a substitute pbrase which referred to "Israeli threats supported by various countries." In the Egyptian view, accord-

ing to Arab diplomats, an explicit negative reference to the U.S. "will obstruct the peace

Political analysts said the differences over the Arab World's attitude towards Washington reflects a substantial difference in the approach towards the peace process itself.

For while Egypt appears to believe that Washington holds the key to the peace process, other Arab countries, particularly the PLO and iraq, are pushing for ending "Washington's monopoly on the peace process." This trend seems to enjoy the support of most Arah governments, at least in basic assumption, and was strengthened by the failure so far of the dialogue between the U.S. and the PLO to achieve substantial results. Political sources told the Ior-

dan Times that the foreign ministers referred both versions of the draft resolution to the summit.

The PLO was able, according to the same sources, to secure draft resolutions giving a bigger role to the United Nations in an attempt "to lessen the American influence and to secure international protection for the Palestinian people" in the occu-

pied territories. The sources said that in three sections - dedicated respectively to the intifada, the status of Jerusalem and Soviet Jewish immigration - that draft resolutions called for the dispatch of United Nations troops and an observer mission to provide protection for the Palestinians

and to prevent Israeli plans to settle the occupied territories, and to put an end to the Jewish settlement policies.

In the context of the same draft plan to counter Jewish immigration and to "hroaden the participation of other countries in peace process," the draft resolutions called for intense contacts with the countries of origin of Jewish immigrants "to explain the negative repercussions on the peace process and Palestinian national

rights." An Egyptian effort for the endorsement by the Arab foreign ministers of a resolution incorporating "some elements" of the plan put forward by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker failed. Arab diplomats said that Cairo

(Continued on page 7)

King pays tribute to security forces

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty the King in his message, which he King Hussein Saturday expressed deep pride and appreciation of the role played by security forces in dealing with the recent disturbances that accompanied protests. staged in Jordan against last Sunday's mastacre of eight Arab workers in the occupied territor-

. "I um pleased to send to every mbes of the police force in Jordan my appreciation for their continued efforts and keenness to ensure the safety of the country and its citizens and for the great measure of self-restraint they exthe King said in a message to the director general of the Public Security Department (PSD),

Major-General Fadel Ali Fheid. . You are worthy of the responsibility you are shouldering in the defence of the nation, its citizens and the march of democracy, said

GENEVA (Agencies) - The

U.N. Security Council failed

Saturday to agree to send a de-legation to the Israeli-occupied

West Bank and Gaza Strip to

investigate the wave of violence

The council ended a special

two-day session, held in Geneva to allow Palestinian leader Yasser

Arafat to speak, without agreeing

on a proposed observer team because of Israel's refusal to

"Israci still has a stranglehold

on the decision-making process,"

Arab League Ambastador Clovis

Maksond told a news conference

allow such a delegation in.

asked to be conveyed to all PSD

"We were deeply shocked by Israel's massacre of Palestinian people who are our brothers and with whom we share their ordeal and stand together in defence of the nation," said the King. "It was natural for the Jorda-

nian citizens to rise in anger and

pain against the massacring of brothers in the Israeli-held Arab lands, but the police force in Jordan is to be commended and praised for the role it assumed during the protests in which cer-

Geneva without concrete action

U.S. and Israel, pleaded with the

U.S. government and people to

belp along Middle East peace by

The Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) chairman spoke

at a press conference as the 15-

nation council wound up the two-day Geneva session. Maksoud said the United States had tried

to launch the idea in Geneva of

sending an international fact-

finding mission to the occupied

territories, but hacktracked

Saturday under Israeli pressure.

"The U.S. had been informally

pressuring Israel.



whole Jordanian family which realises the dimension of the challenges and the looming dangers." King stressed. He said that the PSD members, that you capably police force has acted in a manner manage and lead, my appreciathat prevented hostile forces from tion and pride, because they are exploiting the protests to do harm the vigil eyes that protect and to the country, its democratic rule keep security in the Kingdom and and its citizens, and for this "they its citizens and their safety, bedeserve praise and appreciation cause they are our force for our from me personally and from the firm stand in our positions." Security Council adjourns in

a temporary fact-finding mission

That put Washington publicly

at odds with Israel, which said it

would bar any observer team. U.S. Ambassador Thomas

Pickering suggested Saturday a

likely move would be dispatching

a personal representative of U.N.

Secretary-General Javier Perez

De Cuellar to report back on the

situation in the occupied territor-

ics. This has been done before.

looking is something that might

come from the secretary-general

"The direction in which we're

to the occupied territories.

131 killed

KHARTOUM (AP) - Last weekend's major earthquake in southern Sudan and a continuing swarm of very strong aftershocks has left 31 killed and 300,000 people without

Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Association Baison officers in Nairobi, Kenya, said 30 people were killed at Knon-Wei near the city of Bor where many

kilometres north of Khartoum. Nduku said nine persons were injured and a mosque was des-troyed at licotos, a small town near the border with Uganda. Brigadier Dominique Kasiano, a member of Sudan'a ruling junta and political supervisor of the southern Equatoria region, said that every government boilding in a government garrison town north of southern

Sudan's main city, Juba, has

Brigadier Kasiano appealed destroyed.

brought down many private kilometres partit of Juba.

Crown Prince calls for serious superpower involvement in efforts for Mideast peace ment of Soviet Jews," the article - an accommodation that would another - now,"

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan has called on the superpowers to take greater responsibility in exmoderate Arabs and Israelis must pediting the Middle East peace process and urged the United States and Europe to make their support of the resettlement on Israel's freezing of all settlement activity in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"The United States and the Soviet Union must assume greater responsibility in expediting the peace process," the Crown Prince wrote in the opinion page of Saturday's New York Times. "Peace proposals must accommo-

talk to one another because the real danger to peace is growing religious fundamentalism. The Crown Prince said unless

The Crown Prince also said

Arabs and Israelis fashioned "their own special glasnost," growing violence and terrorism would lead to a war which neither side world wic.

"The killing of innocent Palestinians by an Israeli in the occupied territories and the subsequent popular aproar and agitation underscore the need for Arabs and Israelis to urgently the Palestinians and the resettle-fashion their own special plasnost

seriously tackle the festering issues that have haunted the Middle East for generations.". The Crown Prince said the real

enemy was growing religious fundamentalism, with Jewish extremists on one side and on another "an Islamic cohort that is influential in the politics of Muslim societies from South-East Asia westward through Afghanistan to Lebanon and North Afri-

"Islamic extremists are increasingly active in the intifada in the West Bank and Gaza Strip," he wrote.

"It will not do any longer for the

U.N. Security Council to merely consider and perhaps approve resolutions condemning Israel's bostile actions against Palestinians. It is encouraging that the Security Council is meeting in Geneva in response to a call hy the PLO following the massacre of Palestinians in Gaza, the council however must convene an international peace conference to activate a new dialogue on peace

"must be induced to talk to one

in the Middle East, the Crown Prince wrote.

The full text of the Crown Prince's article will be published

The former prime minister cal-increasingly becoming important By Caroline Faraj

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Ahmad Obeidat. chairman of the General Commission drafting the Kingdom's national charter said Saturday the constitution would remain the basis for the charter. During a session of the com-

mission. Obeidat also laid down five other points that summed up his position on the deliberations of the commission. He said that Jordan's democra-

tic march must be safeguarded and the country's internal front must be fortified. He added that political plural-

ism, as mentioned by His Majesty King Hussein in his letter for the commission, was the only guarantee for national unity. He said: "Political pluralism is the point of conversion between the regime and the factions of the people within the confines of legitimacy and the constitution."

led for intensified dialogue within the commission and the country and the "respect of the other

modern Jordanian state requires the modernisation of certain concepts, means and policies in a manner that would fulfil the aspirations of the Jordanian people. "The process of reform that we aspire for requires the enactment of a genine process of development that would reflect on the policies, decisions and attitudes that would lead to the

institutionalisacon of the national democratic process," be said. He added that the concept of democracy, among others, needs to be clarified and reinforced through poliocs, culture, de-

day after day. The commission, Obeidat said,

at large based on the constitution has now moved into the next stage of its task. In a statement to the press,

Obeidat said that building the Obeidat said the commission has agreed on the general frameworks of the charter. They include a preamble, the philosophy of the charter, Jordan's pohtical history, present and future outlooks. They also include poliocal activity, political parties, pluralism, basic rights and public freedoms. The general framework also covers the economy, social life, culture and education. Obeidat said.

The Jordanian-Palestinian relationship is in a separate chapter.

The fourth dimension of the charter, Obeidat said, was the velopment ad education. "Politic- Arah, Islamic and international al education in its national, ethic- dimension of Jordan's relaal and practical dimensions is tionship.

ment from either Geagea or

In Lebanon's other factional

power struggle. Syrian troops in-tervened early sanday to halt 15 hours of street battles in west and south Beiruthetween rival Shiite Muslim faging in which five people we willed and 42 wound-

But pass said the situation remained every tense as the mainst Syriun-backed Amal moves and the fundamentalist passinian Hizbollah, (Party Inian Hizbollah, (Party Inian Hizbollah, Party Inian Hizbollah, Par

im alert."

kept their fighters on

fice spokesman, who can-

named under standing

tions, said civilians were

aning the densely-populated

Aoun on Puentes remarks.

Aoun and Geagea agree to permanent truce — envov

Christian forces, heeding an appeal by Pope John Paul, have agreed to a permanent ceasefire in their war which has killed more than 1,000 people since January, the papal nuncio to Lebanon said Monsignor Pablo Puente told a

news conference renegade General Michel Aoun and militia leader Samir Geagea had agreed to consolidate their current truce into a permanent ceasefire and halt all troop movements. They had also accepted his

proposals to release all prisoners of war, to end hostile propaganda campaigns and consider reopening schools. The Pope urged the country's

battling Christians to lay down their arms and seek dialogue in a videotaped address played at a meeting of Christian religious figures Friday.

The pontiff said: "The battles. ongoing for months in the Christian enclave, are the cause of great pain to me."

Puente said the Pope's message had paved the way for stabilising a church-mediated truce agreed

BEIRUT (Agencies) - Rival on May 16 after pressure from

But despite Puente's optimistic declaration, police said Aoun's troops and Geagea's Lebanese forces militiamen exchanged intermittent sniper, fire in east Beirut, killing three people and wounding one.

That raised the casualty toll to 1,035 killed and 2,770 wounded since the power struggle broke out Jan. 30.

Independent observers doubted that the power struggle will end until Aoun and Geagea can work out a political settlement and overcome their deepseated hatred of each other.

Before agreeing to the ceasefire. May 16, Aoun's 19,000 troops and the 6,000-hardcore fighters of Geagea's militia, backed by some 30,000 reservists, fought each other to a standstill in their war for control of the

Christian enclave north of Beirg The inconclusive power str gle forced about 400,000 of clave's one million population seek refuge in safer areas ar large areas of the Christia clave in ruins.

e districts, fearing renewed Beirut's independent Al Nahar ly warned of a "big explosion triegoric measures are not taken quickly" to defuse the explosive situation.

Amai and Hizboilah have been battling on and off for 21/2 years for dominance of Lebanon's 1.5

million Shiites.

suggesting such a development after the adjournment of the in that regard," Pickering told meeting, set to resume in New reporters after the meeting. and in our view flip-flopped on its York Tuestiay. However, Israel faced heightposition," Maksoud told repor-U.S. Secretary of State James ters. "It means Israel still has a Baker raised the possibility Friday when he said Washington ened pressure for its tough handstranglehold on the decisionling of the Palestinian uprising in making process." The U.S. State Department the occupied territories. Uprising leaders urge

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — The underground leadership of the Palestinian uprising called in a leastet Saturday for activists to inflict heavy

casualties on Israeli soldiers. At same time, the army commend ordered high schools and colleges remain closed for the

second week as a result of the protests following the massacre of cicht Palestinian workes in a Tel Aviv saburb Sunday. The army command said thev would reopen only the elementary schools in the West

Bank at this point, excluding those in the cities of Hebron and israeli suthorities had just began reopening colleges March 1990 and 13 were already in acasion when the military slammed the doors shint again, Prime Minister Yimhak Shamir had also

intended to start a gradual open- serve peace," Shamir said on ing of the universities before Sun- Israel Radio Saturday.

attacks on Israeli troops

Israel closed all Palestinian institutes of higher education in Six Palestinian universities, 14 colleges and five training schools de Cuellar. were shut.

for an international presence of neutral forces from the U.N. to provide protection for the Palestiman people from the aggressive

Shamir has said that he would presence would only create prob- sources said." "A force of this type can only

damage and be a cause for un-

necessary tensions. It doesn't

Arafat, apparently sensing a earlier said it was ready to discuss

cooling of relations between the having the Security Council send

Israeli Deputy Foreign Minister Benyamin Natanyahu said at a press conference Friday that February 1988 arguing they were Israel might agree to a visit by an hotbeds of anti-Israeli violence. individual emissary of U.N. Israel might agree to a visit by an Secretary General Javier Perez. However, Dan Naveh, spokes-

The leaflet, coming in response man for Israel's foreign ministry, to Sunday's violence, also called said decision to accept any type of U.N. delegation or representation had been made. Meanwhile, the occupied Gaza

Strip remained under curiew for the seventh day, marking only the second time since the start of the turn and y any type of U.N. de-sprising that residents were shut legation claiming that such an in their homes for a week, Arab Palestinians said families in

Gaza were living on dried beans

in Sudan earthquake

shelter, government official and rebel officials said Saturday.

houses slided into the River

James Nduka said snother person was killed and two buildings collapsed in the village of Lafan near Torit. He said many cattle, sheep and goats were also killed by landslide and rolling

Bor is 1080 kilometres north of Khartoum and Torit is 1290

Observatories and monito ing stations in Hong Kong, the United States and Egypt registered a quake Thursday night of 7.1 on the Richter scale. It started the current swarm of aftershocks to a temblor last Sunday with a Richter reading of 7.4, capable of causing widespread damage but apparently causing almost none.

for international help for the people whose homes have been He said aftershocks have

dwellings and all the governnent buildings in Terakeka, a Nile River garrison town 80

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Egypt, Finland discuss Jewish immigration

CAIRO (R) --- Egypt stressed its opposition to Soviet Jewish

immigration to Israeli-occupied areas in talks Saturday with

visiting Finnish Foreign Minister Pertti Paasio. Finland this month

agreed to act as a transit point for Soviet Jewish migrants but President Mauno Koivisto said the decision would be reconsi-

dered if they settled in the occupied Arab territories. "The

Finnish government is aware... that we are strongly against

immigration to occupied Arab territories because it would be at

the expense of the rights of the Palestinian people," Foreign

Minister Esmat Abdul Maguid told reporters after meeting

Paasio. The Finnish minister, on a four-day visit, made no

reference to immigration in remarks to reporters. "We are

disturbed about the situation in the Middle East. Finland is ready

to make every effort to support the peace process, and especially

stresses the importance of a dialogue between Palestinians,

Israelis and all parties to the dispute," he said. On Thesday, President Hosni Mubarak said the flood of Soviet Jews could push

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By Philip Shehadi Reuter

AL BAYADH, Algeria — The ripples of democratie change have reached Algeria's grassy heartland, where nomadie shepherds and turbaned tribesmen are getting their first taste of multi-party politics.

As in Algiers, where President Chadli Benjedid launched a multi-party democracy last year, Islamic fundamentalists, Social Democrats and independents are vying in local and provincial elections to unseat the National Liberation Front (FLN) after 27 years of oneparty rule.

The stone was thrown in the water in Algiers, and the ripples are reaching us." said Bachir Bekkara of the town council. "There is a big debate

going on. But in this provincial capital 400 kilometres from the Mediterranean Sea, where Thursday's sheep market is still the economic heartbeat, tribe and family ties often run deeper than politics.

The FLN exerts a strong pull on a highly conservative population that reveres it for leading freedom fighters to in-

dependence from France in 1962.

"But tribal issues are very much alive and they are bound to erupt around election time." said a local FLN official.

Grassy plains, dotted with grazing horses, sbeep and goats, surround Al Bayadh at the edge of the Algerian steppe 1,000 metres above sea level.

On the horizon, the rugged Saharan Atlas Mountains mark the northern boundary of the Sahara Desert and even greater sandy emptiness beyond. Herdsmen suffer freezing cold in winter and simmering

heat in summer. Turbaned men walk the dusty streets wrapped in wool burnouses, or booded cloaks. Women stare from behind

white veils. The French founded Al Bayadh in 1852 as a fort to combat resistance to their advancing armies. It remains a garrison town, with municipal gardens, neo-classical squares and tree-lined boulevards re-

calling colonial days. Drought - tragically relieved this month by torrential rains that killed 16 people has decimated livestock and pushed the economy into a slump with high unemploy-

Men greet each other in traditional bedowin fashion by bending down to kiss each other's shoulder. In a city of 49,000, social ties bind even

political adversaries. Rival candidates for June 12 municipal and provincial elections, the first multi-party poll in 30 years, kiss warmly on the steps of the office of the Wali (provincial governor) — fundamentalists sporting beards,

FLN activists moustaches. "Some of my closest friends are in the FLN," said a town council candidate for the Islamie Salvation Front (FIS), the

ruling party's biggest rival. But officials say tribal tensions beneath the small town Camaraderie could make the campaign, which began offi-cially Monday, a hot one. FIS and FLN supporters

have already clashed in the nearby village of Al Ghassoul, leaving an FIS supporter gravely wounded in hospital. The former FLN mayor and 19 others were sentenced to fines and jail terms for gathering without authorisation and inflicting wounds.

The April 20 row broke out when FLN supporters - without authorisation - sought to organise an anti-fundamentalist rally at the same time that FIS activists from Al Bayadh had permis-sion to conduct a public lec-

A senior official said political rivalry was only the spark that ignited longstanding tension between the dominant Oulad Mou'min clan and tribal minorities in Al Ghassoul.

"People here don't always understand the new climate. They don't always play by the

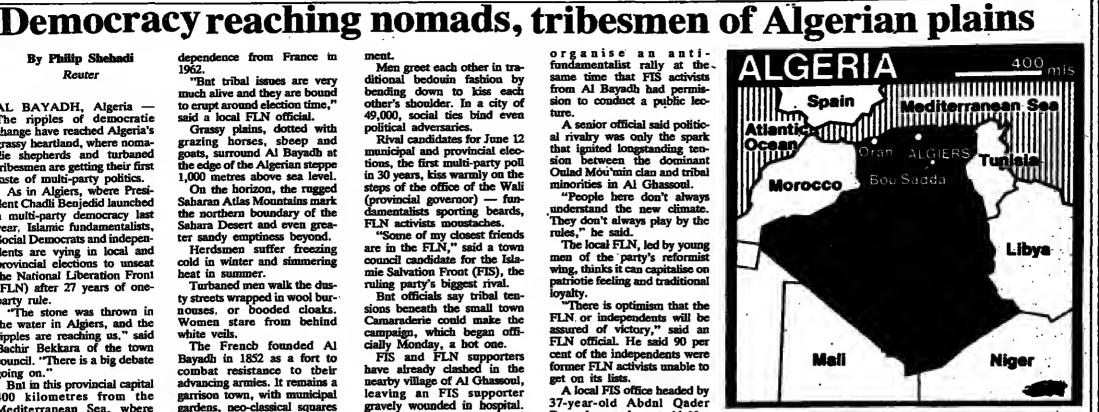
rules," he said.

The local FLN, led by young men of the party's reformist wing, thinks it can capitalise on patriotic feeling and traditional

There is optimism that the FLN or independents will be assured of victory," said an FLN official. He said 90 per cent of the independents were former FLN activists unable to get on its lists.

A local FIS office headed by 37-year-old Abdnl Qader Bouzad, preacher at Al Nur Mosque, opened last month. It has made inroads among disaffected youth as elsewhere in Algeria and professes equal

"We are the up and coming party. The FLN is the party on



the decline" the FIS official said.

But the fundamentalists have a formidable handicap in opposing the widespread adoration of Marabouts, local holy men to whom residents sometimes attribute saintly powers. FIS positions have ruffled traditional religious sentiment, opponents say.

"People don't like to be told how to pray," the FLN official

Lawyer says Israeli inmate tried to kill Hamadi in Frankfurt jail

FRANKFURT (AP) — An attorney for convicted TWA hijacker Mohammed Ali Hamadi said Friday that another inmate recently tried to kill his client in prison. Lawyer Hans-Burkhardt Steck

also said bis office has filed charges against the inmate, whom he identified as "an Israeli uamed Mashia." "He tried to stab Hamadi in the neck with a knife. It was just

luck that Hamadi reacted quickly and suffered only a cut oo his arm," the Frankfurt-based lawyer Hamadi, a Lebanese Shi'ite

Muslim, is serving a life sentence for the murder of a U.S. sailor during the 1985 TWA hijacking. The lawyer said Mashia's first

name was Youssef, that he bad recently been jailed on a conviction for illegal drug deals and bad been kept in the same prisoo area as Hamadi.

citizen, and had bothered Hamadi before, but prison officials didn't do anything to put him in a separate area," Steck said.

member of Hizboliah, or Party of

"He (Mashia) is an Israeli

Hamadi is believed to be a

God, in Beirut, a radical group Western officials say is responsible for numerous kidnappings in Lebanon: The group is reportedly holding U.S. bostages and Israeli

Asked if be believed the attack on Hamadi may have been directed from outside the prison, Steck said: "I don't want to make such an assumption."

Steck said the incident occurred on May 5 as the inmates at Frankfurt's Preungesheim prison were left out of their cells for a free period" within the jail con-

Although Hamadi did not requires stitches, a 15-centimetre loog cut oo his arm had to be

bandaged, Steck said. "We have filed attempted murder charges against the attacker,'

Steck told the Associated Press that Frankfurt justice officials described the incident as a normal altercation that sometimes occurs among prison inmates.

prosecutor's office, Jochen Schroers, said he could not pro-

vide any immediate information on the attack or whether charges

Soviet Jews Hamadi was tried in Frankfurt and confessed to hijacking TWA

Flight 847 from Athens to Rome on June 14, 1985 and diverting it to Beirut. He was also convicted of murder in the shooting death of U.S. Navy diver Robert Stethem, who was killed by the hijackers. Israel.

Stethem, 23, of Waldorf, Maryland, was the only casualty during the hijacking, in which 39 Americans were held hostage for

had been filed in the case.

Hamadi's older brother Abbas Hamadi, who was convicted in 1988 of kidnapping two West German businessmen in Beirut in an attempt to force his brother's release, is serving a 13-year prison sentence in a Duesseldorf

Mohammad Hamadi, who lived in West Germany, was arrested at Frankfurt airport on Jan. 13, 1987 when customs offi-A spokesman for Frankfurt cials discovered liquid explosives in his luggage on a return trip

Cyprus denies island is transit for

NICOSIA (AP) — The government issued statistics Saturday which it said proved that the East Mediterranean island is not being used as a transit point for largescale Soviet Jewish emigration to

Government spokesman Akis Fantis, seeking to rebut Arab allegations that Cyprus is a staging post for Soviet Jews, said that in the first four months of this year 1,770 Soviet citizens flew from Moscow to Cyprus to catch flights to Israel.

He said in a statement that in the same period, 2,113 Soviet Jews flew from Israel to Moscow via Cyprus. The government has repeated-

ly denied that Cyprus, which has frequently been the target of attacks, was being used to funnel Soviet Jews to Israel.

."These figures prove that Cyprus is used mainly as a stopover for the growing tourist traffic to Israel as a result of the relaxation of Soviet regulations governing trips abroad," Fantis said.

The survey was carried out after Arab ambassadors in Nico-

The Arabs fear that bundreds of thousands of Soviet Jews will emigrate to Israel in the next few years following Moscow's relaxa-

The Arabs' main concern is West Bank and Gaza Strip, roughly the area proclaimed an independent Palestinian state in

an emergency plan on May 14 to spend \$1.2 billion to absorb 150,000 Soviet Jews expected to arrive in fiscal 1990.

eventually immigrate to Israel in the next few years. Fantis said that the percentage of Soviet Jews travelling to and

from Israel through Cyprus was

'very small" compared to the

tens of thousands of Soviet Jews

Arab leaders start arriving in Baghdad mit, stopped over in Damascus

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Arab leaders started arriving here on Saturday for an extraordinary Arab summit slated to open May

The first to arrive were Sudanese military leader Omar Ahmad Hassan El Bashir and the Presidents of Mauritania, Somalia and Djibouti; Maawiya Ould Sidi Ahmad Al Tayeh, Mohammad Siad Barre and Hassan Gouled.

The leaders were received at the airport by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and his top aides in the government and the ruling Baath Party.

Officials said most Arab heads summit called to discuss emigration of soviet Jews to Israel and other threats to Arab secur- sense,

ity. Eighteen Arab countries and the Palestine Liberation Orga- are under way to convince Assad nisation (PLO) are taking part in the summit which is boycotted by Syria and Lebanon.

North and South Yemen, after clear display of Arab disunity. their official merger May 26, are A prominent banner in a Baghattending as one delegation.

Saturday in an attempt to persuade Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to attend. But Assad had already rebuf-

fed earlier efforts and he re-

mained adamently opposed to participatioo iu a gatheriug hosted by Saddam Hussein. Lebanon's Syrian-backed gov ernment followed Assad's lead.

Algerian President Chadli Benedid will not attend the summit. the Algerian news agency APS said Saturday.

It said the Algerian delegation would be headed by Rabah Bitat, president of the National Assem-

of state are expected Sunday, a -, A brief APS announcement day before the opening of the -gave no explanation but Algerian officials have repeatedly said a summit without Syria makes no

Arab diplomatic sources here said several diplomatic attempt to attend or to send another top Syrian official to participate in the two-day gathering and avoid a

dad street, hung for the summit, Libyau leader Mnammar reads, "Unity is our strength. Qadhafi, on his way to the sum- Divisiveness is our weakness.

PFLP claims attack on Israeli surrogates

RASHAYA (AP) - Palestinian guerrillas ambushed a convoy of Israeli-baeked militiamen in South Lebanon Saturday inflicting an undisclosed number of casualties and losing four of their men, Lebanese security sources

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) said in a series of communiques issued in Beirut that its fighters carried out the attack to avenge the massacre of eight Palestinian

workers by an Israeli gunman near Tel Aviv last Sunday. The Lebanese sources, speaking on condition of anonymity, said a guerrilla force detonated three remote-control bombs on a

road inside Israel's self-

designated "security zone" north

of the border with the Jewish

Electric Power

in Tel Aviv said there were no SLA casualties, but reported that the militiamen killed four guerrillas. He made no mention of bombs. The Israeli version indicated

(SLA) convoy passed.

that a patrol of the SLA intercepted an infiltration attempt rather than the militiamen were ambushed.

But an Israeli army spokesman

The PFLP said in one communique: "The heroic operation was our response to the massacre committed by the Zionist enemy against the workers of Palestine." The group acknowledged that

it lost four "martyrs in the daring operation." It said the raiders "detonated remote-controlled bombs beside

an enemy convoy, inflicting a

Arafat says Swiss hostages alive

the Middle East to the brink of war.

GENEVA (R) - PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat has told the Swiss government that two Red Cross hostages in Lebanon are still alive and he will do all he can to get them freed, the Foreign Ministry said Saturday. Arafat met a foreign ministry official Friday evening, during a special U.N. Security Council session in Geneva, and told him that be was willing to do all he could to speed the release of Elio Erriquez and Emanuel Christen, both Swiss. A ministry spokeswoman in Berne told Reuters that Arafat did not provide details of who was holding the two orthopaedic workers or what the demands were. The men, on the staff of the Geneva-based International Committee of the Red Cross, were seized on Oct. 6 in the port city of Sidon. Palestinian sources have linked the abduction to the imprisonment in Switzerland of Lebanese Shi'ite Muslim hijacker Hussein Mohammad Harin.

Paiestinians fast in protest against israel

ANKARA, Turkey (AP) — Fifty Palestinians were fasting Saturday at the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) office here in solidarity with Arabs on a bunger strike in the Israeli-occupied territories. Acting PLO representative Ibrahim Tamim said 30,000 Palestinian immates in Israeli jails have been. on a hunger strike for the past week to protest renewed violence in the territories. Israeb troops and Jewish settlers have killed 16 Palestinians and wounded more than 800 others since May 20 in clashes which came after seven unarmed Palestinian workers were killed by an Israeli. The staff of the PLO office and their families, along with 20 Palestinian university students, gathered at the office in an affluent residential area of Ankara. The PLO opened an office with diplomatic status here in 1979. Turkey is the only NATO country which has recognised an independent Palestinian state. Turkey is also the only country besides Egypt in the Islamic Bloc to have diplomatic relations with Israel.

Oman investigates oil slick

MUSCAT, Oman (AP) - An oil tanker was halted and its captain put under ship arrest Saturday as police and pollution. control officials investigated the cause of a 6-kilometre slick off Oman, shipping executives reported. The 800-metre slick was spotted in the Gulf of Oman off the coast at Mina Al Fahal, 17 kilometres northwest of the capital, Muscat. The vessel was identified as the Gibraltar-registered Huasco Vallya, said the shipping industry sources, who spoke on condition they were not named. Officials did not identify the tanker captain or give his nationality. But the sources said police had confiscated the tanker's registration certificate. A civilian aircraft first spotted the spill. Police coast guard units joined pollution control officers to contain the slick and question crewmen.

Somali president in Yemen

SANAA (R) - Somali President Mohammad Siad Barre arrived in the new Yemeni republic on the first visit by a foreign leader: since the country's creation Tuesday. Sanaz Radio said Siad Barre congratulated President Ali Abdullah Saleh on the unification of North and South Yemen after his arrival Friday night. The merger "will... strengthen security and stability in the region," said Barre, whose country lies across the Gulf of Aden from Yemen. The leaders discussed bilateral ties and regional developments,

Tunisia convicts child killer

TUNIS (AP) - A court has convicted a man of molesting and killing 12 children in four years and sentenced him to death by hanging, judicial officials have said. The man, identified as Naceur Ben Allala Damergi, 45, was arrested in December following the unprecedented series of child killings in this North African nation. The nine boys and three girls were between 9 and 13 years old. During the trial, which ended Thursday evening, Damergi's lawyers, citing the "abject" nature of the crimes, asked that their client undergo psychological tests. Damergi was arrested after a long search and admitted the crimes. He reconstructed them with precision," showing investigators where the victims' bodies were hidden — mainly in pastures and unused wells, according to testimony. Called to testify, shaken parents of the victims were unable to contain themselves, with many of them demanding the murderer be hanged in a public square. No death sentence has been carried out in Tunisia for two years.

S. Arabia gives \$30m to intifada

NICOSIA (R) - Saudi Arabia gave the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) \$30.1 million Saturday to support the 29-month-old uprising in the occupied territories. The Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said the cheque was handed to the Palestinian charge d'affaires in Riyadh, Mohammad Farajallah Isa, covering the kingdom's dues for the first five months of 1990. Under the final resolution of the Algiers Arab summit in 1988, Saudi Arabia pays \$6 million a month to help finance the aprising.

Baghdad makes comeback as major summit venue after war years

BAGHDAD (R) — Baghdad, billing itself as "the city of victory and peace", is basking in its return to diplomatic centre stage after eight years of the Gulf war.

Arab kings and presidents begin an emergency meeting Monday in the Iraqi capital, shunned as a venue for major summits since 1980 because of the Iran-Iraq couflict. They will meet in a lavish

expense for a Non-Aligned summit which should have taken place there in 1982. The meeting moved to India because Iran and Syria, Tehran's Arab ally, objected to the venue. Many other countries felt that

Baghdad, 120 kilometres from

the Iranian border, was not safe

for so many heads of state in

conference centre built at great

wartime. During the war the city, stretches for 70 kilometres along both banks of the Tigris, suffered

JORDAN TELEVISION

frequent Iranian rocket attacks. Fighting ended with a U.N.sponsored ceasefire in August 1988. Iraq hailed it as a victory, although peace talks remain

But Baghdad, once capital of an Arab empire stretching from Algeria to the steppes of Central Asia, has settled back to more peaceful ways.

Arab Cooperation Council, an alliance set up by Iraq, Egypt, Jordan and North Yemen. More than four decades of oil revenue have transformed Baghdad from a compact town of less

by six-lane expressways. Its five five-star notels, com-

mian professionals and European deadlocked.

It played bost in February 1989 Monument of Liberation. to the founding summit of the

than a million, just emerging from the shadow of the Ottoman Empire, into a sprawling metro-

polis of 4.5 million, crisscrossed pleted for the 1982 summit, can

more than accommodate next

week's guests and their retinues. Baghdad has also become more cosmopolitan - immigrant manual workers from Egypt and Sudan rub shoulders with Palesti-

> businessmen. Two decades of socialism have studded the city with massive examples of Socialist realist art a Martyr's Memorial, a Shrine to the Unknown Soldier and a

> > The latest addition is a victory arch formed by crossed swords. The fists which hold the hilts are modelled on those of President Saddam Hussein, 40 times lifesize. Even the fingerprints are carefully copied.

Billboard portraits of Hussein are standard at most large junctions. They show him in a variety of costume, from military fatigues and business suits to bearskin and panama hats. More posters have gone up to mark the summit.

sia, the capital, protested the movement of Soviet citizens to Israel through the island.

tion of travel restrictions. that many of the Soviet Jews will be settled in the Israeli-occupied

The Israeb cabinet approved

Israeli officials have said that as many as 750,000 Soviet Jews may

who go to Israel state as the South Lebanon Army number of casualties." JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE . Programme review Children programme Football 15:49 15:45 17:10 18:00 18:05 18:20 mary in Arabic 19:00 19:40 News in Arabic 20:00 20:30 21:30 21:40 PROGRAMME TWO Tel Pere Tel Fils
L'ecole de fans
News in Prench
French 19:00 19:15

19:30 19:45 News in Hebrew
Varieties programme
News Arabic
Who's the Boar?
Back to the Edge
News in English
Agatha Christie's Point PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swellich, Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel.

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. ta Churck Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglicae Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. enian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. lea Orthodox Church Tcl. ratio Charch Tel. 771751.

The Church of Jenn Christ of Latter-Bay Solists Tel. 815817 and 654932. WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of It will continue to be not and thy and winds will be light and variable. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moder-Min./max. to

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 35, Aqaba 38. Humidity readings: Amman 22 per cent, Aqaba 18 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

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EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Emergency 599 Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777 Fire Brigade.. Blood Bank .. Highway Police Traffic Police .. Water and Sewerage 787111 Overseas Calls ... 623101 .77311t

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Princess Haya Hospital

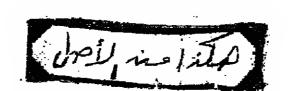
FOR THE TRAVELLER . 636381 **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International

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DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminai (1)

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Home News

Premier expects stronger economy

immigra. AMBIAN (J.T.) - The Jordanian economy is expected to regain its coming two years thanks to the implementation of a autional programme designed to boost the programme designed to cook use Kingdom's experts stid reduce-imports. Prime Minister Mudar

people, he The programme is part of a set of government economic and function of the print the part of the print the part of the print the particular content.

Finland is the printe minister said in a statement during his meeting with a meeting with a ment during his meeting with a United Nations fact finding mission which is now on a tour of the Anti negion.

lorden is in the process of building up its foreign carrency reserves which are being increased continuously in a manner that would ensure the success of the economic restructuring prog-camuse," Badran was quoted as saying by the Jordan News Agen-

According to the Central Bank Governor Mohammad Secod Al Nabulai cartier this month, the Kingdom's present forcins currency reserves now stand at \$490 million, including an amount of

mitting Arabic programmes on

short waves to the five continents

featuring news about Jordan,

programmes on tourist sites in the

Kingdom, areas for investment

along with music and national

songs, according to a Radio Jor-

Muwaffaq Al Rahaifeh, direc-

tor of the department in charge of

short wave services told the Jor-

dan Times that altogether five

hours of short wave programmes

Latin America, U.S., Canada,

the Gulf region, the Far East,

North Africa, Central America

He said that achievements in

Jordan; cultural programmes and

teaching of Arabic to foreigners

were transmitted daily between

11 a.m. and helf past one in the

and Western Enrope.

dan official

Radio Jordan started short wave

Arabic broadcasting to the world

AMMAN (J.T.) - Radio forder morning (local time).

Arabic service has started transStarting with 11 a.m.

\$20 million received on May 9 from the United Arab Emirates. Nabulai projects the country's confidence of increasing the reserves by \$150 million by the end of 1990.

In reviewing the causes behind Jordan's economic crisis, the prime minister blamed the failure of Arab countries to honour their financial commitments to Jordan and the world economic recession which caused a decline in oil

Towards the end of 1989 Jordan reached an agreement with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) on a comprehensive economic restructuring programme and the Kingdom reached a deal with foreign creditors on resche-duling Jordan's debts," the prime minister added. He said that these two steps were bound to help the country regain its economic stability.

Badran described as excellent the Kingdom's relations with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Jordanian-Palestiman exoperation is characterised by mutual confidence, clarity and joint action to serve the Jorda-

Starting with 11 a.m. the trans-

mission is broadcast to Australia

and the Far East, from 12 noon to

Argentina, Chile, Brazil, from

one in the afternoon to the Un-

ited States and Canada, from

11:30 p.m. to the Gulf region,

Amstralia and the Far East, and

from 01:30 after midnight to

North Africa and Central Amer-

ica. Each transmission lasts one

He said that prominent events

Radio Jordan English services

has been transmitting to the five

continents on short waves from 2

p.m. to 7:30 daily since the mid-

die of 1989 when the new trans-

mitting station at Kharaneh was

in Jordan and the Arab World

bour, Rahaifeh said.

the programmes.

formally opened.

nian and Palestinian people, as well as the Palestinian cause which is the Arab World's main concern," Badran pointed out. In referring to the situation inside the Israeli-held Arab territories, the prime minister said that the Palestinian people there

were in dire need of help, materially and morally, since their economic conditions were extremely "Israel's atrocities and inhuman practices, which are commit-

ted daily in occupied Palestine.

are further aggravating the simution," the prime minister Despite the coocessions offered by the Palestine Liberation Organisation for the sake of achieving peace, Israel is displaying its obstinence and total in-

stransigence," the prime minister

With reference to the upcoming Arah summit meetiog io Baghdad, Badran said he was confidence the meeting would schieve the aspirations and hopes attached to it and would serve as a turning point io the history of the Arah Nation.

The 15-member fact finding mission, which is led by Mahmoud Sa'eed, groups prominent journalists from the United States, Sweden, Japan, New Zealand, Ireland, The Netherlands, West Germany, Canada, Belgium, Australia and Yugoslavia.

The mission members, who are scheduled to leave for Cairo Sunday had a meeting Saturday with the speaker of the Palestine National Council (PNC) Sheikh Abdul Hamid Al Saych.

Developments in the Palestinian issue and the ordeal of the Palestinian people under Israeli rule were reviewed at the meeting which was attended by PNC members.

Sayeh spoke about Soviet Jewish immigration into Palestine, the United States total bias towards Israel, Israel's violations of Palestinian people's human rights and the massacring of Palestinian

Sheikh Sayeb appealed to the United Nations to provide real protection to the Palestinian people and end Israel's occupation of

in meeting with ILO official

AMMAN (J.T.) - An official laboor, Jordanian universities from the International Labour Organisation (ILO) and several ministries and Jordanian organisations had a meeting at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) Saturday where they conducted a final review of working papers dealing with the labour market in Jordan, unemployment and other related matters.

Director of the RSS Economie Research Ceotre Dr. Ahmad El Qasm told the Jordan Times that the meeting reviewed eight working papers and gave the go ahead for their publication in a book that would be out for distribution in two mouths' time at the latest.

The ILO coordinator in labour and population matters for Mid-East Mediterranean countries, along with delegates from the ministries of planning and

Labour market reviewed

and the RSS had a day-long review of the working papers which focused attention oo the demographic, economic and social life in Jordan and the Arah World, fields of employment and future prospects in the Arab re-

'Matters related to vocational training, prospects for the labour market and social and economic prospects for employment abroad are also included in the papers," Oasem said. He said that the papers can be

useful to policy makers and planners. Qasem noted that the meeting was the first by the ILO with the RSS and he announced that the two sides decided that further meetings would be held in the future to discuss matters related to labour.

Jordan, Lebanon to step up cooperation in agriculture

Jeli in 124

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan is interested in buying Lebanese agricultural products and fruits, especially apricots which are in great demand in the local markets, and will discuss exchanges of Lebanese-Jordanian agricultural produce with the hope of concluding a long-term agreement in this respect, Minister of Agriculture Suleiman Arabiyat said Saturday.

Jordan is expected to purchase a large quantity of apricots this year from Lebanon which is expected to produce 25,000 tonnes of the crop, the minister said at a meeting with the chairman of the Lebanese Farmers Association and the accompanying delega-

Arabiyat last week said that climatic conditions prevailing in Jordan over the past two months, certain diseases and viruses which affected the crops and other technical matters were to hlame for the tack of sufficient fruits and vegetables in the local markets and the souring prices of the little amounts sold here.

He said lack of sufficient amounts of water supplies were also partly responsible for the insufficient quantities of produce. He also blamed certain past policies, which he did not name, as responsible for Jordan's loss of Arab and foreign markets.

The head of the Lebanese team said that Lebanon wished to increase exchanges of agricultural products with Jordan. The delegation handed the minister a message from his Lebanese comterpart on promoting the exchange of agricultural products.

According to an official from the Ministry of Agriculture, Jor-dan exported 50,000 tonnes of agricultural products to Lebanon in the last nine months.

The marketing of Jordanian products abroad is done through the Jordan Agricultural Marketing and Processing Company (JAMPCO) whose director general was present



His Majesty King Hussein Saturday inspects a Mercedes during the inauguration of Tewfiq Gar-Benz cars (Petra photo).

Major auto servicing centre opened

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hossein Saturday inaugurated the new Mercedes-Benz sales and service ceotre at Sahab near Amman.

Present at the opening ceremony were His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah, Chief of the Royal Court Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Prince Raad Ben Zeid and a large andience of invited guests.

At the opening ceremooy, Tewfiq Gargour and Fils," the Jordanian firm and general agents for Mercedes-Benz which set up the centre, announced that it was contemplating the estabishment of a plant for assembling Mercedes-Benz minibuses in Jordan. The project is bound to opeo up new job opportunities for arge numbers of workers in Jordan, according to the company official who made the announce-

The centre, located in the Al Ragim area in Sahab district, include training for trainees from vocational centres in Jordan.

According to a company spokesman, the centre is also planning to help the trained students to acquire employment in Jordan and abroad after completing their courses here. He said the centre would provide maintenance services to thousands of small cars and lorries in Jordan or those passing in transit to various Arab countries.

According to Nadim Gargour, the centre was constructed on a 24,000 square metre plot of land and contains the following sections: administration, sales and exhibitions area of 2,800 square metres, spare parts area, service section of 4,800 square metres that can accommodate 60 cars and 16 medium to heavy commercial vehicles at any one time, body and paint section, fully equipped restaurant with an area

provides sales and services which of 500 square metres and a training centre's area of 120 square metres.

Gargour, who was speaking at the opening ceremony, said that the centre would play an important role through special prog-rammes which would be implemented in cooperation with the Mercedes-Benz company, especially in training Jordanians with the help of sophisticated instruments in management systems and stock control which are fully computerised.

Gargour said that the centre cost around JD 3,300,000. Another speaker was F.A. Wolf, director of the company's passeoger car divisioo, who outlined Jordan's cooperation with

Mercedes-Benz in Germany.

Earlier in the day, the company's director of research and development Ingo Kalina and Azar Bawab, Gargour managing director, spoke about safety in Mercedes-Benz cars.

Jordan, China to hold joint cultural week

AMMAN (J.T.) - A joint Chinese embassy here, will be week-long programme which will Jordanian-Chinese cultural week will start at the Royal Cultural Centre in Amman oo Saturday under the patronage of her Majesty Queen Noor Al Hussein. The programme, which will be

organised by the Ministry of Culture in cooperation with the art exhibition at the start of the lore performances.

part of the Kingdom's celebration marking the country's 44th independence anniversary, according to an official announcement

display paintiogs and other Jordanian and Chinese works of art, the announcement said. Other events include a seminar

on Jordanian-Chinese relations and a joint variety show, featur-The Queen will open a plastic ing Jordanian and Chinese folk-

Jordanian products on display in Tunis

were broadcast to Australia, and general outlines in local pap-Latin America; U.S., Canada, ers and magazines are included in

products at the fifth Jordanian industrial fair which is currently being held in the Tunisian capital in which 120 factories and industnal firms are participating, according to the Jordan Commerciaf Centres Corporation

The new national products include computers, airconditioning and refrigerating equipment. JCCC spicesman Ghazi Diab said.

Jordanian electrical, plastic and engineering products along with leather, medicines, chemical and supply goods, textile prodocts and carpets are among the various products on display at the 10-day fair which was opened here Friday. Diab said.

The fair has been organised in play. implementation of a Tunisian-Jordanian trade agreement which provides for Jordan and Timisia to hold industrial fairs in each other's capital to promote the 44th independence anniversary.

By P.V.Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN--- A Jordanian jour-

nalist and writer has been found

guilty of apostasy and ordered

separated from his wife and banned from writing and pub-

hishing anything as well as trans-

lating and interpreting the Holy

Naour Sharia Court Judge

Khaled Ourcigat, who made the ruling Saturday against

Ibrahim Abu Nasb, a former

columns at the Al Ra'i news-

paper, did not set a deadline for

the implementation of the court

Abs Nash, 59, who was found

guilty of being a member of the outlawed Qudiani sect on the basis

of a paper he signed and two pnems he wrote while attending a world

British, in 1987, said he would appeal the ventice at the Sharis

Appeals Court. Abu Naab is

argaing that the paper he signed was only simed at gaining cutry to

the Tellard conference and it did

not my that he eved allegiance to

the Quellani sect, a mystical group whose founder questioned all held beliefs and faiths by declaring him-

tell to represent the Prophet

Mohammad, Jesus Christ and Hin-da Lord Krishna in 1889.

If implemented, the court rolling will result in separating Abu Nash

from his wife and seven children since the 36-year-old marriage

derence of Qualitaris in Telford.

order pending an appeal.

TUNIS (Petra) — lordan is dis-playing samples of new industrial Dish said.

He said the joint Jordanian-Tunisian trade committee which held a meeting in Amman recently had decided that each country can sell up to \$2.5 million worth of national products at industrial

Tunisia held its last trade fair in Amman last month.

Upon opening the fair here, Tunisian Minister of Economy and Finance Mohammad Al Ganoush paid tribute to the high quality goods on display and said that Tunisian and Jordanian industrial fairs were helping promote economic and trade ties between the two countries . Ganoush toured the fair and inspected various items on dis-

The fair in Tunis, the fifth to be held there since 1986, was part of celebrations of the Kingdom's

Writer found guilty of 'apostasy'

under Islamic law, and the journalist would be banned from pub-

lishing any writings and from con-tinuing a translation/interpretation of the Holy Koran, according to Judge Oureignt.

Under the prescribed punishment under Islamic law, the assets of an "spostere" could also be confiscated and immunity extended

to anyone who sheds the blood of

an "spostate". The proceedings

could be reversed if an "apostate" recents in public but will have to

"remarry" the spouse if he or she

According to a civil lawyer, who

preferred anonymity, however, the Jordanian civil law is very

clear. Anyone who launches an

attack against another person, verbally, written or otherwise, can be

sucd for slander, libel or other

Abu Naab, who told the court in

a written explanation last week that

he attended the Telford conference

strictly in his capacity as a journal-ist, has said that he is the victim of a

"conspiracy" by the Qadianis, "who turned against one after I

wrote a book criticising them."

Abu Nash was referring to an

Arabic-language book he wrote in 1988 entitled "the Queliants Ex-

plade from Within." Excerpts from

the book were published in Gulf

in his explanation to the court,

Ahn Nash also pointed out that he

had not faifaled one of the presequisites to join the Quellank -- a

relevant charges."

Canada helps Jordan boost telecommunications services

RAMTHA (J.T.) - The Unielecommunications services withio the Kingdom and with acighbouring Arab states.

The announcement was made by Dr. Ahmad Abul Heija, dean of the faculty of engineering at Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) at a seminar that opened here Saturday.

> "The project entails setting up an advanced training and research centre in telecommunications which would provide training to technicians from Jordan and Arab states in cooperation with specialists from Ottawa University," Abul Heija said in an address at the opening ceremony at JUST.

He said that the centre, expected to cost \$1 million, would be a gift to Jordan from Canada.

pledge to pay to per cent of his monthly income to the sect. According to experts, the Qadiani

sect, which operates out of London

with the grandson of their founde

mostly derived from its members. In addition to the 16 per cent contribution of mouthly income,

every Quediant is also required to

Contacted by the Jordan Times, Mrs. Abu Nash, 54, told the Jordan Times: "We both are real, faithful

Muslims and firm believers and

have brought up our children under

Islamic teachings. I do not believe

in the charges against my hus-

"Islam is a religion of peace and

understanding and it does not allow

for any separation between two people who love each other," she

Nafaa, Abu Nash's 30-year-old son, who was jailed for one night for "contempt of coert" by Judge

Our eight during one of the hearings of the case, said he felt that the case

had "more to do with freedom of

the press than with anything else."

"I feel that the facts of the case

should be studied more closely," he

In an earlier case, Judge Ourci-gat found that another Jordanian,

Taker Kazaq, "was the leader of the Qudiani sect in Jordan." Kazaq

was also pronounced an "apostate" but proceedings against him were repealed after he recented, accord-

catale to the sect.

ath to per cent of his or her

Mirza Gulam Ahmad as "emir.

Engineers in telecommunicaversity of Ottawa in Canada has tions and electricity in Saudi Aradecided to help Jordan carry out bia, Ostar, Bahrain, Kuwait and five-day meeting to discuss telecommunications services via

> The meeting was opened by Minister of Transport and Telecommunications Ibrahim Ayoub who said that more than 70 percent of Jordan's international telecommunications were being conducted through satellites and that links were condocted through 668 telephone lines.

The present seminar came to highlight JUST's continued coopcration with Canada in promoting telecommunications services in the Arab region," the minister

The seminar was organised

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

Exhibition of paintings and sculptures by five Jordanian artists at Abdul Hamced Shoman Foundation (10:00 a.m. -

5:00 p.m.)

* Exhibition of paintings by Randa Berouti at Goethe In-

the Exhibition displaying tradi-tional Syrian handicraft by Syrian women, and handprinted textile by Mustafa Fathi at the French Cultural Centre.

jointly by the departments of olectricity and sciences at JUST

EXHIBITIONS

FILM

★ Turkish film on Island: art at Alia Art Gallery --- 6:30 p.m.

Jordan Times Tel: 667171-4





WHEN FOR 87 WHOLEYEARS, A NAME HAS BEEN SYNONYMOUS WITH A SPARKLING WAY OF LIFE, WITH THUST, WITH PURITY, IT WILL AT ALL COST: STRIVE TO MAINTAIN IND GUARANTEE THAT SPARKL THAT TRUST, THE PURITY.

It is our insistence on the highest quality and our respect for the consumer that made as not only

withdraw all Perrier fredes from the market, but also reignated a quality control systems so that we may be able to assure you once again of Perrier's purity. It is that

purity that is now guar ed by the words New Production the bottom havel of every tile of Perrier You can no and Perrier again in the same mirants, hotels and supermets where you have always for

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RICES

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Support begins at home

THE IDEAS introduced by the PLO before the U.N. Security Council Friday which aim to have a stronger U.N. presence in the occupied Arab territories are worthy of serious consideration and support. The international community, especially the Arab World, was temporarily encouraged by the initial U.S. reaction to similar proposals when U.S. Secretary of State James Baker expressed the view that any initiative put before the U.N. Security Council calling for placing U.N. observers in the West Bank and Gaza Strip would receive Washingtoo's serious consideration. Unfortunately, since striking that positive note, the U.S. was subjected as usual to Israeli intimidation and as usual it knuckled by starting to waver on that proposal. Nevertheless, the idea of increasing the U.N. presence in the occupied territories could still be a breakthrough if adopted by the U.N. Security Council. In many ways such a plan could very well usher in the true commencement of the settlement of the Palestinian situation. By at least placing U.N. observers in the occupied territories, the stage would be set to place the entire West Bank and Gaza Strip under the trusteeship of the United Nations in preparation for statehood and independence for the Palestinian people. Of course, Israel knows only too well the implications of such a mose. That is why Tel Arty hastened to oppose Baker's announcement of U.S. support of the idea to have a U.N. presence in the occupied territories to monitor the situation there. And all of a sudden Israel started remembering international law especially the Geneva Convention and started to invoke its "rights" under that convention as an occupying power. Whatever happened to Tel Aviv's official stonce that that convention is not applicable to the West Bank and Gaza Strip?

Nevertheless, there are no pertinent provisions in internation law relevant to the occupation of territories by an aggressor, including the Fourth Geneva Convention, that prevents a greater U.N. involvement in monitoring the alarming situation in an occupied territory. Secondly, it so happens that the United Nations system adopts legal principles and resolutions that have the effect and force of customary international law. Above all, the Security Council, the very U.N. organ that can take enforceable and binding resolutions, has the power as expressed in the United Nations Charter to adopt resolutions and take measures of the kind envisaged now, namely to place U.N. observers in the occupied

It so happens that the PLO is calling for that kind of U.N. action in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. There are growing signs that other members of the U.N. Security Council, including its permanent members, are at least open minded to the principle of enhancing the U.N. presence in the occupied territories in view of the continuing deterioration of the situation there. Should such ideas come to fruition the stage would be set for a meaningful start of the settlement of the elusive Palestinian conflict. It would be timely, therefore, if the Arab summit would declare its support for such an idea and adopt it as an integral part of the Arab stand.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily on Saturday expressed the view that the Arah summit in Baghdad opening Mooday is bound to have additional hurdens resulting from Washingtoo's refusal to refraio Israel from committing further crimes in Palestine. The paper said Washington which announced its readiness to send U.N. observer teams to occupied Palestine only to retract its statement in this regard, is trying to complicate matters for the Arab leaders in Baghdad and to confuse the Arah masses. Should Washington continoe to lend support for the Israeli criminal actions, theo it is bound to be facing a new development in the region and the prospect of having the Palestinians resort to new methods to defend themselves from barbaric attacks, the paper noted. It said that by refraining to seed observer teams to Palestine, and by backing Israel's position at the United Nations Security Council, the United States is advocating Israel's terrorism and opening the door wide for counter terrorist acts in the Middle East. The Security Council which heard Yasser Araina's mech and Jordan's address, is dealing with the question of war of genocide being lanoched by Israel on the Arabs. Should Washington socceed in thwarting the council's attempts to provide protection to the Palestinians, then the paper added it would have on purpose thwarted moves towards peace and a settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict hy allowing this chance to be missed.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily launches a bitter attack on the United States, describing its policies in the Middle East as a big lie. Tareq Masarweh says in his column that Washington is doing silly things and actiog foolishly hy trying to dissuade Arah leaders from taking a collective action vis-a-vis Israel's atrocities and United States hostile position. The writer says that the United States has no credibility in the Arah World, and no one can ever believe a world of what Washington's statesmen say. The writer notes that Washington was trying to play for time by first announcing its approval to send U.N. observer teams to Palestine only to retract its words; and also by sending false assurances to the Arah leaders that Israel would never start a war. The Arabs have mustered sufficient experience in dealing with the United States and its false statements since 1967 when Israel considered Egypt's demand to have control of Shurm Al Sheikh as tantamount to a declaration of war, hence its June aggressioo on the Arabs, the writer notes. He says Israel considers Iraq's possession of missiles as a declaration of war and is planning for a new aggression which the Arabs can never rule out.

The current debate at the U.N. Security Council in Geneva offers a good chance for the world community to better understand the situation in the Middle East and offers the Arabs a chance to expose Israel's atrocites against the Palestinian people, said Al Dustour in its editorial Saturday. The paper said that the world community now watches Israel staging a war of genocide against the defenceless Palestinian women and children as PLO leader Yasser Arafat said in his address to the council Friday. The current criminal actions considered by the Zionists should prompt current criminal actions committed by the Zionists should prompt the council and the world community to heed Arafat's call for sending U.N. observer teams to monitor the situation and to pave the way for a solution to the Palestine problem, the paper said. The Palestinian people, the paper added have the right to protection from the world community in the face of continued crimes and atrocities, and they also deserve solidarity from all peaceloving nations.

Sunday Economic Pulse

Unrest causes heavy economic losses

THREE days of unrest in Jor-dan almost overshadowed the Israeli massaere of seven Palestinian labourers and left political, security and economic scars that need some time to evaluate. Today I shall try to look into, and where possible quantify, the damages that resulted from the unrest in four major economic sectors.

For 20 years, since 1970 Jordan was an island of stability and internal security in the troubled Middle East, At all times, foreigners residing in Jordan or those arriving for tourism or husiness felt safe and at ease, not only because of security and stability, but also because of the friendly and hospitable attitude Jorda-

The assault on the French tourists in Amman and the violence that accompanied some of the popular marches and demonstrations which followed the Israeli killing of the

Arab labourers did not only echo io the world at large, but it shocked the average Jordanian, who condemns violence and disorder instigated by an irresponsible minority especially when it diverted world intention away from Israeli atrocities committed in the occupied territories, and threatened the national security of the country.

Peaceful and civilised ex-

pression of opinioo and national sentiments, including marches and demoostratioos, could have been a positive indicator of democracy, which allowed the people to express anger on behalf of the whole Arah Nation against the Palestinian holocaust at the hands of the new fascists of Israel, and in sopport of the

Unfortunately, the drift to violence and destruction of property, limited as it may have been, drew the attention

shadowed the killing of 15 Palestinians by Israelis in one

Security forces showed selfrestraint and firmness, and left no doubt that the security of the country can be protected. Although the unrest was mainly political, yet the worst con-sequences will be economical.

At least four sectors are going to be affected because of the incidents. These are tourism, expatriate remittances, new investment, and capital

In tourism. Jordan's income from the sector in 1989 amounted to JD 350 million (\$525 million). The estimated loss resulting from the cancellation of group tours and the scaring off of potential tourists could not be less than \$50 million. It is unfortunate that this blow took place at a time when incoming tourism was gaining momentum. Until last week the forecast growth of tourist arrivals in 1990 was 15 per cent. Now, it will fall down considerably.

Remittances from Jordanian expatriates in 1989 reached JD 380 million (\$570 million). It was expected to reach \$800 million in 1990 according to projections hy the Ceotral-Bank and the IMF mission. The incidents may cause some expatriates to keep their savmgs abroad, and thus Jordan may end op with another loss of \$50 million or so.

As far as new investments are coocerned, the private sector has been hesitating to make new investments. Potential investors opted to wait and see if Jordan's economic adjustment programme is going to work and whether or not the governmeot is going to adhere to it. Now that the programme started to show better results than was expected, and the commitment of the governmeot to the programme was established, it was hoped that new investment will start to pick up. Now it is feared that the hesitant investors will have secood thoughts and new fators to take into considera-

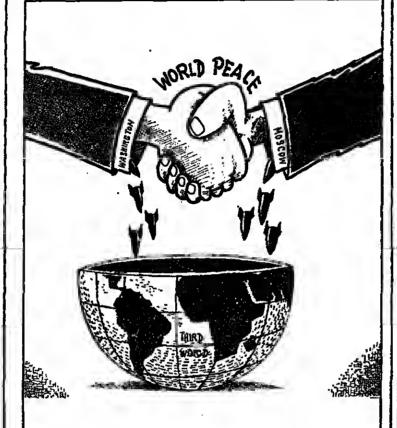
Finally the unrest must have a negative effect on capital flight. It was noticed that capital flight from Jordan was halted as of mid 1989. On the cootrary, some private capital was repatriated after the relative stability of the exchange rate since August. It is only reasonable to expect some capital flight in one hand and a slow down in the return of Jordanian private capital

abroad on the other. These were the bad news. The good news is that some analysts see in what happened a test which Jordan passed with flying colours. The system proved to be effective, maintains law and order firmly, uses

the security forces to uphold law without being condemned from any political group. In fact both left and right sided by law and order and condemned violence and disorder, which may prove to be inspired by the enemies of Jordan.

However, the damaging impact of the three difficult days is of temporary nature. The losses will be short-term and the image of Jordan will be restored within weeks. What happened was the exception to the rule and not an indicator of

Jordan, which incurred an economic loss of at least \$100 million will be able to overcome the negative effects and push forward with its efforts for economic and political reforms, especially if the Arab summit conference in Baghdad on May 28 will give a supporting hand to Jordan politically and financially as is boped.



NATO: A bit more comfortable this year?

By Charles Aldinger Reuter

WASHINGTON — Perhaps U.S. Defence Secretary Dick Chency best typified NATO'S relief this week as the Western alliance began to reduce its expensive military guard against Moscow for the first time io 40 years.

"A year ago, I had to go sell three per cent," he said. recalling Washington's repeated, unpopular calls for member states to raise military spending hy three per cent a

"I'm much more comfortable this year," Cheney added with a grin on May 22 while en route to Brussels, knowing that on May 23 defence ministers would scrap that grating hudget demand in response to the fall of the Warsaw Pact.

By May 24 night, the ministers' defeoce planoing committee had also flashed expensive and unpopular war games and announced that the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation would hegin slightly reducing its hattle readiness on July 1.

"He isn't the only one who is more comfortable these days," a senior NATO official said on hearing the Cheney remark. "And to think it was Gorbachev who came over the hill and put us out for our financial

misery."
NATO defence ministers ended a two-day meeting io Brussels on May 24, with a pledge to look again at strategies formed in the 1960s, wheo the Warsaw Pact was seen as a major threat to the West and its values. The review is to be finished by the end of the year. A conference of NATO Leaders in London in July is expected to agree on more guidelines.

spurned in Eastern Europe and getting fewer roubles at home. private defence analysts praised the NATO move to relax its military posture for the first time since it was formed in 1949.

don't want to rip up the

security blanket yet, but it's

time to store guns and count dividends," said former U.S.

With the Soviet military "The cold war is history. We Assistant Defence Secretary Lawrence Korb of the Brookiogs iostitution. a Washington think tank.

Analyst Jim Blackwell of the centre for Strategic and International Studies think taok said NATO'S move towards multi-national onits was a good idea.

They don't cost any less, but they signal togetherness with a lot of different flags in allied countries," he said.

Though some relaxation will take place, alliance officials say many key elements of strategy will be retained because of the threat of instability in the Soviet Uoioo and Eastern

Cheney and other senior U.S. defence officials appeared happy hut low-key as tey arrived home late on May

Cheney and Assistant Defence Secretary Stephen Hadley cautioned that the easing in military readiness would come in three phases and that its outcome would rest in large measure on Vienna negotiations on halancing conventional forces in Europe (CFE).

In July, Hadley said, a helicopter unit, for example, might be allowed to increase from four to 48 hours the time it must be ready to fight. That is a far cry from changing the current requirement that the United States be prepared to move 10 divisions to Europe within the 10 days of the breakout of a war, said Cheney.

But Cheney, an acknowledged sceptic of Soviet intentions, also relented with perhaps the most optimistic public statement to come out of the Pentagon since the Berlin wall began to crumble

last year. He said NATO forces would now have more warning time for any Soviet attack on Western Europe.

" It's a judgment call. But I would be prepared to argue that we have now moved, as a result of the developments last year, from a situation in which we were talking about a matter of days to a situation in which we are talking about a matter of at least a few months," he

Disastrous week for Jewish state

TEL AVIV - It has been a disastrous week for Israel, one of the worst since the Palestinian uprising erupted in December 1987.

A beleaguered caretaker government faces a growing danger of the conflict with Palestinians in the occupied territories being internationalised - and spreading to Israel's own Arah minority.

Sympathy protests in Jor-dan, uninvited foreign factfinding missions and a threat of U.N. intervention have alarmed Israeli leaders. A chain of events mostly beyond the government's con-

trol bas left the Jewish state as

isolated as at any time since its 1982 invasion of Lebanon. Israeli shot dead seven Palestimians, re-igniting widespread riots in which troops and Jewish settlers shot dead 16 Arabs

and wounded nearly 900 in six - On May 21, violence spread to Israeli Arabs while

the Arab World raged at

— On May 22, the clashes reached the doorstep of the U.S. consulate in East Jerusalem. Washington called on Israel to restrain its troops and implicitly hlamed the Jewish

state for the lack of progress towards Middle East peace. - On May 23, the United States said it would support sending a U.N. observer mission to the occupied territories.

Israel flatly refused.

- On May 24, the war of words with Washingtoo intensified, Uninvited French and Soviet delegations arrived to study the situation in the occupied territories.

- On May 25, Palestine Liberation Organisation Chairman Yasser Arafat, seen by Israelis as their arch-enemy, was addressing a special session of the U.N. Security Council in Geneva with the Jewish state standing virtually

Israel officials see each interuational condemnation as another achievement for the uprising.

Policy-makers fear the Security Council session and next week's Arab summit in Baghdad will give the uprising and the PLO a further boost.

"Each small victory gives them more motivation and staying power to continue the intifada (nprising)," said a senior analyst, who may not be identified. This week the other side scored a lot of points.'

The Israelis say the most worrying aspects are the



spread of protests against Israel to Jordan, and the increasing entanglement of Israel's 650,000 Arab citizens.

"Everything that happens in Jordan is played back here and reinforces the Arabs in the West Bank," the analyst said. Television pictures of riot

police dispersing marchers who tried to march on the bridge to the West Bank earlier this month helped trigger the latest wave of unrest in the occupied

"Likewise everything that happens inside the green line (of Israel's pre-1967 borders) is seen in the territories and affects what happens there,"

the analyst said. Israel's most respected military commentator, Zeev Schiff, wrote in the newspaper Haaretz: "The continuation of the occupation and the bloody confrontation in the territories will in the end bring the violent struggle inside the borders of Israel. It will be a confronta-

tion between the state of Israel

and its Arab minority." The sudden re-ignition of the smouldering uprising could hardly have come at a worse

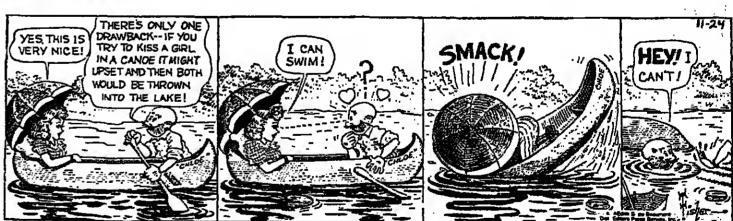
time for Israel. After 10 weeks of a debilitating political crisis, it still has no new government and caretaker Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's efforts to form a rightwing cabinet could further

alienate the Jewish state's Relations with Washington lowing Shamir's refusal to accept U.S. proposals for peace talks with the Palestinians, and his approval of new Jewish settlements on occupied

Arab land. Bewildered leaders refuse to accept that their own policies have contributed to Israel's isolation and blame anti-Semitism or double standards for the

international furore. The mood in Israel's corridors of power is gloomy and defiant, not conciliatory.

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp







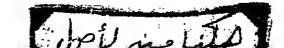
Peanuts











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LA SEMAINE DE ...

Suleiman Swelss

Bagdad: défis au sommet

Pent-être le sommet arabe de Bagdad constituera-t-il un tournant historique dans les annales de l'action arabe commune. Trop d'espoirs, ou de sentiments mitigés, se font jour dans l'attente de cet événement panarabe extraordinaire. Le massacre de 7 ouvriers palestiniens commis par un forcené israélien dimanche dernier ainsi que la répression avengle de l'armée d'occupation sont autant de défis qui viennent d'ajouter à ceux, déjà nombreux, du sommet. Pour de nombreux Arabes, l'heure a

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sonné des mesures décisives. Ils exigent que soient relevés les défis accumulés pendant de longues années d'impuissance et de politiques erronées. A défaut, la région risque le déluge, la débandade ou le suicide collectif tout court. Il y a d'abord le défi israélien. Malgré toutes les concessions faites par les régimes arabes et l'OLP, la paix n'a jamais semblé aussi loin. La politique antoritaire des dirigeants israéliens et celle des Américains sont les premières responsables de la situation. La sécurité nationale arabe s'en trouve gravement menacée depuis des années. Certains observateurs vont jusqu'à estimer qu'Israel se prépare à déclencher une nouvelle guerre d'expansion, au service des nouveaux émigrants juifs soviétiques.

Le massacre de dimanche dernier montre que la coupe est pleine. Il suffit de considérer les réactions populaires en Jordanie: Les manifestations de colère se sont largement répandues dans le pays. Il faut le dire: la politique criminelle, arrogante et méprisante qu'impriment les dirigeants israéliens laisse de moins en moins de choix aux Arabes, y compris aux plus modérés d'entre eux.

Autre défi, qui attend les participants an sommet de Bagdad: clarifier la place que les Arabes vont occuper dans un monde qui se défait et se refait. Après les bouleversements survenus dans les pays de l'Est, quelle peut être la politique du "régime arabe traditionnel" à l'égard des grandes puissances? Il apparaît plus évident aujourd'hui que les relations entre nations s'établissent sur la base d'intérêts réciproques, plutôt que sur celle des idéologies. La force des Etats est d'ailleurs avant tout d'ordre économique. C'est pourquoi il faut sans doute se décider à activer un processus d'union entre pays arabes. Sinon, ces derniers risquent d'être progressivement anéantis. L'unification des deux Yémen, cette semaine, est un signe encourageant de la lucidité de certains dirigeants arabes.

Troisième défir le développement économique. La plupart des pays arabes sont confrontés à de graves crises, au chômage, à la dette extérieure et à la faiblesse de leur croissance économique. C'est notamment le cas de la Jordanie, de l'Egypte, du Soudan, de la Tunisie. Les régimes arabes ont perdu beaucoup de temps au cours des deux dernières décennies. En 1980, les dirigeants arabes s'étaient refrouvés à Amman et avaient décrété les années 1980 décennie du développement. Peu de progrès ont été réalisés depuis, malgré de nombreuses réunions, d'innombrables projets et des dépenses de milliards de dollars. Les dirigeants arabes sont appelés à dépasser leurs divergences et leurs intérêts régionaux pour pouvoir enfin créer la communauté économique arabe, tant attendue par la population des différents pays.

Quel est le rôle de la Jordanie dans tout cela? Rappelons-nous: l'idée du sommet des chefs d'Etat du monde arabe a pris corps il y a un mois à Tunis, après l'évocation par la Jordanie et l'OLP de l'urgence d'une réaction aux vagues d'émigrants juifs d'Union Soviétique. Pour relever ce défi, la Jordanie attend des autres pays arabes un soutien concret, principalement sur le plan économique. Les revendications populaires, elles, mettent l'accent sur la réactivation prioritaire du "Front oriental", constitué de la Jordanie, de la Syrie, de l'OLP, de l'Irak et du Liban. Une solidarité accrue avec l'Intifada et le peuple palestinien semble tout autant primordiale et indispensable. Etant les plus exposées aux dangers sionistes, la Jordanie et l'OLP ont grand intérêt au succès du sommet de Bagdad.

Un sommet, qui devra trouver une réponse à la question fondamentale de l'attitude du monde arabe dans son ensemble face aux défis qui surgissent en cette de fin de , : .

3 morts et 29 blessés dans les manifestations en Jordanie

Trois jours de deuil enfiévré

palestiniens ont observé cette semaine un deuil de trois jours, au lendemain du massacre de huit ouvriers de Gaza par un forcené israélien dimanche au sud de Tel Aviv. De nombreuses manifestations se sont

tion. Trois personnes ont au total

trouvé la mort et 29 autres ont été

blessées, selon le dernier bilan

officiel, dans les troubles qui ont

secoué le royaume cette semaine.

La colère des réfugiés palesti-

niens de Jordanie était prévisible.

Le massacre aveugle de huit ouv-

riers de Gaza, dimanche dernier à

Rishon le Zion, près de Tel Aviv,

a particulièrement affecté ceux

qui vivent à quelques dizaines de

kilomètres seulement de la rive

ouest du Jourdain. C'est d'ail-

leurs dans les camps que, dès lundi, plusieurs centaines de per-

sonnes, jeunes pour la plupart,

ont envahi les rues étroites pour

dénoncer la répression israélien-

ne. Ainsi dans le camp de Baqaa,

sur la route de Jérash, où une

première manifestation s'est

déroulée le matin dans le calme à

l'appel des syndicats profession-

nels et de plusieurs organisations

Acte isolé

An même moment, cependant,

un forcené ouvrait le fen avec un

pistolet à grenaille sur des

touristes français, qui descen-

daient de deux cars et s'apprê-

taient à visiter l'amphithéâtre ro-

main de la Ville Basse. Avant

d'être maîtrisé par un policier,

Ahmad Jassir Badouane, dont les

révéler plus tard qu'il avait perdn

un parent dans la tuerie de

Rishon le Zion, a blessé neuf

personnes, huit touristes français

et un photographe jordanien.

Plus de peur que de mal, cepen-dant. Aucune des victimes n'a été

grièvement touchée, comme de-

vaient le constater l'ambassadeur

de France, Denis Bauchard, puis

le roi Hussein en personne, en se

rendant à leur chevet à l'hôpital.

L'attentat a aussitôt été con-damné, depuis Tunis, par Bassam Abou Sharif, conseiller du chef

de l'OLP. Le souverain haché-

mite a affirmé pour sa part qu'il

regrettait «profondément» un acte que M. Bauchard devait

qualifier d' «isolé». Malgré les

mises en garde du gouvernement

contre tout débordement, plu-

sieurs manifestations à Amman et

dans les camps ont dégénéré dans

la soirée en affrontements evec

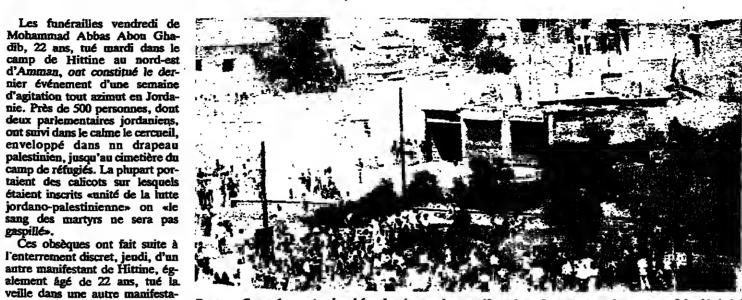
les forces de l'ordre et des unités

Plusieurs centaines de person-

anti-émeutes.

palestiniennes.

Des centaines de milliers de réfugiés succédées de lundi à mercredi dans les camps de Jordanie ainsi qu'à Amman. Plusieurs d'entre elles ont dégénéré en affrontements avec les forces de l'ordre, faisant trois morts et 29 blessés.



nes ont ainsi attaqué l'hôtel de la chaîne Mariott à Shmeisani, saccageant la porte et brisant la vitre d'entrée, avant de s'en prendre à une boutique de fleur au rez-dechaussée du bâtiment. Ces incidents ont provoqué l'intervention nusclée de la pobce, qui, à conps de matraques et de bombes lacrymogènes, a repoussé un plus tard dans la nmit quelque 15.000 manifestants qui tentaient de s'ap-proeber de l'ambassade des Ftats-Unis.

Mardi matin, les explosions de colère se sont multipliées. Alors que deux manifestations pacifiques se déronlaient devant l'université de Jordanie, le camp de Baqaa entrait dans sa journée la plus chaude, Vers 10h00, ses quelque 75.000 habitants se sont retrouvées soumis à un véritable blocus par des unités blindées postées à l'entrée principale.

Alors que sur presque toutes

les maisons flottaient des drapeaux noirs, des groupes de jeunes, souvent inorganisés, s'en sont pris au poste de pobce à forces de l'ordre à user de leurs armes. A quelques dizaines de tendus mercredi, hormis dans le kilomètres de là, des réfugiés de Wahdat se retrouvaient également aux prises avec les forces anti-émeutes. La journée devait se solder par deux morts, tués par balles, dont un jeune de 16 ans, à

actes de vandalisme ont été commis à Rousseifeh, où trois usines de boissons alcoolisées (les brasseries Amstel et Henninger, ainsi que l'usine d'Arak al-Nisr) ont été saccagées. De nombreux observateurs ont mis en cause certains mouvements islamistes dans ces derniers incidents.

Le Conseil national palestinien a, de son côté, lancé des appels

an calme, demandant aux manifestants de «faire preuve d'esprit de résistance et de responsabilité nationales, afin de renforcer le l'intérieur du camp, obligeant les climat démocratique en Jordanie». Appels majoritairement en-

camp de Hittine où de nouveaux

affrontements avec la police ont

fait une nouvelle victime. Le roi Hussein, qui participait jeudi aux célébrations du 44ème anniversaire de l'indépendance dn royaume, a estimé qu'il s'agis-Dans la soirée, de nouveaux sait d'une «réaction d'émotion de tous les Jordaniens face aux agissements d'Israël dans les territoires occupés». Le souverain hachémite n'a cependant pas exclu que des éléments, qu'il n'a pas nommé, aient profité des manifestations de colère en Jordanie

pour «créer des incidents».

Alain Renon avec agences.

Conseil de sécurité de l'ONU

Arafat plaide pour l'envoi d'une force d'interposition

Le président du Conseil exécutif de l'OLP, qui s'est exprimé vendredi, pour la première fois, devant le Conseil de ecunite des nations-un Genève, a demandé à l'ONU d'envoyer d'urgence une force d'interposition dans les territoires occupés, pour protéger les Palestiniens de la «guerre d'extermination» menée selon lui par Israel. Yasser Arafat a placé la barre très haut en sollicitant également des sanctions contre l'Etat hébreu et le rejet de toute nouvelle implantation de colons juifs en Cisjordanie ou à Gaza.

Le massacre de 8 ouvriers palestiniens dimanche dernier au sud de Tel Aviv, qui est à l'origine de la convocation du Conseil de sécurité, n'est pas dû à «la folie d'un individu» a ajonté le leader de l'OLP an cours d'une intervention de près d'une heure. «La responsablité [en] incombe à la folie d'un système entier», a-t-il déclaré, en estimant que la situation actuelle «exige une action urgente».

Yasser Arafat a également demandé an secrétaire général de l'ONU, Javier Perez de Cuellar, de désigner un émissaire permanent charge de promouvoir la paix dans la région, ou, à défaut, de se charger en personne du dossier. Il a aussi souhaité que les cinq pays membres du Conseil de sécurité (Union Soviétique, Etats-Unis, France, Grande-Bretagne et Chine) se réunissent sans délai pour travailler à la mise an point d'une conférence internationale de paix an

L'accès à la tribune du Conseil de sécurité constitue un nouveau succès diplomatique pour le numéro un palestinien, deux jours seulement après l'adoption, au Caire, par l'Internationale socialiste d'une résolution reconnaissant aux Palestiniens le droit de construire un Etat. Il est cependant peu probable que les Nations-Unis répondent favorablement à ses demandes. Les Israéliens ont fait savoir dès

Proche-Orient.

jeudi soir qu'il ne laisseraient entrer aucun observateur de l'ONU. Le porte-parole du premier ministre Yitzhak Shamir a même déclaré qu'une telle démarche serait considérée par Tel Aviv comme «une ingérence dans les affaires intérieures d'Israel».

La Ligue des Ettats arabes comme les Ettats-Unis ont fait savoir, avant même l'allocution de Yasser Arafat, qu'ils s'opposaient à l'envoi d'observateurs permanents de l'ONU dans les territoires occupés. La Ligue estime en effet qu'il «signifirait la permanence de l'occupation». Washington, qui dispose d'un droit de véto aux Nations-Unis, lui préfère une «courte visite» à des fins d'information, a indiqué vendredi un responsable américain.

Aucune décision n'est attendu ce soir à Genève, à l'issue de la réunion des "Cinq". La session du Conseil de sécurité devrait cependant reprendre dés mardi à New York. (D'après agences).

Visite. Le secrétaire au Foreign Office, Douglas Hurd, se rendra en visite officielle en Jordanie du 30 mai an 1er juin, puis en Arabie Saoudite jusqu'au 3 juin, a indiqué Londres jeudi. M. Hud s'entretiendra à Amman avec son homologue jordanien, Marwan al-Qassem, et sera reçu par le roi Hussein. La dernière visite d'un ministre britannique des Affaires étrangères dans le royaume hachémite remonte à novembre 1987.

Ambassadeur. Le président George Bush a nommé jeudi Roger Harrison au poste d'ambassadeur des Etats-Unis en Jordanie. M. Harrison, diplomate de carrière, enseigne depuis 1989 au Colorado College. Il avait auparavant occupé les fonctions de sous-secrétaire d'Etat pour la Défense et le contrôle des armements, puis de conseiller pobitique à Tel Aviv, à Londres, à l'OTAN, à Varsovie et à Manille. Roger Harrison succède en Jordanie à Roscoe Suddarth.

Jérash. Le dixième Festival de la Culture et des Arts de Jérasb se déroulera du 11 au 17 juillet prochains, a annoncé cette semaine le ministère jordanien de la Culture. Aucune précision n'a cependant été donnée sur le nombre de pays et de groupes participant cette année à cette manifestation, qui a lieu chaque été sur le site de la cité antique. Le ministère du Tourisme a par ailleurs annoncé le lancement d'une série de spectacles son et lumière à Jérash, en prélude à l'ouverture du festival.

Sommet arabe. Le conseil ministériel de la Ligue arabe a rendu publie jeudi les cinq points à l'ordre dn jour du sommet arabe extraordinaire, qui s'ouvre demain à Bagdad. Comme prévu, les chefs d'Etat arabes, à l'exception notoire du président syrien, aborderont les «menaces dirigées contre la nation arabe (...) notamment contre l'Irak et la Libye» et le «développement» de la cause palestinienne, de l'Intifada ainsi que de l'immigration des juifs soviétiques en Israël. Le sommet examinera également les bouleversements politiques en Europe de l'Est, la situation irano-irakienne et la «solidarité» avec la Jordanie.

Gabon. Huit cents des quelque 3.000 ressortissants français de Port Gentil, dans le sud du Gabon, ont profité vendredi du pont aérien. mis en place par les renforts mibtaires français, pour quitter la ville. L'ambassade de France à Libreville, la capitale, a précisé qu'il ne s'agissait pas d'une opération d'évacuation. La situation dans le pays reste cependant tendu depuis l'éclatement des troubles mercredi. Troubles provoqués par le décès dans des conditions obscures d'un opposant au président Bongo.

Pluralisme. Le Parlement polonais, réuni jeudi en séance plénière à Varsovie a approuvé l'instauration du pluralisme et la création de partis pobitiques dans le pays. La loi, votée par une écrasante majorité de parlementaires, autorise la formation de forces politiques sur simple déclaration devant le tribunal constitutionnel. Elle engage également l'Etat à assurer aux partis l'accès à la radio et à la

Cigarette. La troisième journée mondiale sans tabae, organisée le 31 mai par l'Organisation mondiale de la santé (OMS), sera principalement orientée vers les jeunes. Selon l'OMS, cette action symbolique a pour objectif «d'aider les gouvernements, les collectivités, les gronpes et les individus à risque à prendre conscience du problème que pose l'usage du tabac pour les enfants et de les encourager à prendre des mesures appropriées pour le combattre».

Déficit. La Croix-Rouge française (CRF) accuse un déficit global de près de 400 millions de françs (quelque 71 millions de dollars) a déclaré mardi à Paris sa présidente, Georgina Dufoix. Cette dernière espère cependant que «la situation de la Croix-Ronge sera en équilibre» à la fin de l'année. Pour y parvenir, Mme Dufoix compte fermer de nouveaux établissements de la CRF et procéder à la vente d'une partie du capital immobilier de l'organisation humanitaire.

Racisme. Le tribunal de grande instance de Nanterre, près de Paris, a condamné mercredi le président du Front national (extrême droite), Jean-Marie le Pen, au frane symbolique pour avoir qualifié de «point de détail» historique l'existence des chambres à gaz. Les juges lui ont notamment reproché d'avoir «banalisé» les persécussions nazies. Cette décision intervient au moment où l'extrême droite et le raisme font fait la une de tous les débats politiques en France.

Universités. Le ministre français de l'Education nanonale a présenté mercredi au gouvernement un plan de développement quinquennal des universités, incluant notamment la construction de nouveaux locaux. Les établissements existants ont en effet une capacité de 700.000 places alors que le nombre d'étudiants atteint presque le donble cette année. La participation de l'Etat à ce plan a été chiffrée à 16 milbards de francs (2,85 milliards de dollars)

Navette. Le lancement de la navette spatiale américaine Colombia transportant l'observatoire astronomique "Astro", a été fixé au 30 mai par la NASA. La mission "Astro" avait été initialement prévue en 1986, mais l'explosion de Challenger, en janvier de cette année-là, suivie du gel des lancements, lui a valu de prendre un retard considérable. L'observatoire "Astro", d'un prix de 150 millions de dollars, se compose de 4 télescopes d'étude des rayonnements ultraviolets et des rayons X.

Taylor. L'état de santé de l'actrice américaine Elizabeth Taylor s'est nettement amélioré cette semaine après un mois et demi de lutte contre une pneumonie, qui a failli lui être fatale. La comédienne pourrait même quitter l'hôpital dans les prochains jours, selon les médecins de l'hôpital Saint John de Santa Monica, en Californie.

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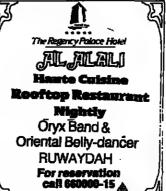
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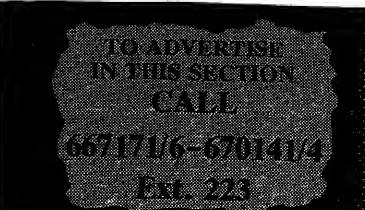
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"Signes d'Etoffe" au CCF

Une drôle d'impression

Une exposition de tissus imprimés, œuvres du plasticien syrien Moustafa Fathi, s'est ouverte cette semaine au centre culturel français (*). Elle cotoie des photographies de Syrie et des objets de la vie quotidienne des bédouins et nomades de ce pays, dont elle ne s'inspire que très partiellement.

D'un côté, des photes de paysages de Syrie, des kilims, des appliqués, des broderies et des moules en pain de terre et en bois traditinnnels; de l'autre, les imprimés contemporains du plasticien Moustafa Fathi.

Les premiers nbjets, que les paysans, les nomades bécouins et non bédouins de Syrie emploient tous les jours, ne sauraient en aucun cas entrer dans l'univers des œuvres d'art. Ils nffrent un aperçu de la vie quotidienne de ces populations traditionnelles et une projection bien étroite de leur conditinn sociale.

Les imprimés sur coton de Moustafa Fathi, pour leur part, couleur des raits sont en rapport que tout l'art des ouvriers syriens (*) Voir "A l'affiche".

posent problème. Certes, le plasticien, né dans le Horan (région du sud de la Syrie) en 1942. ancieu élèves de l'École des Beaux Arts de Paris, connaît les traditions de gravure des moules. Il a voyagé dans toutes les régions du pays, entretenant un rapport privilégié avec le passé qui l'a amené à se définir comme un "artiste populaire".

Il n'empêche. Dans la tradition millénaire de l'impressinn sur tissu en Syrie, c'est la fabrication des moules, le choix des signes et autres symboles, ainsi que la technique d'impression qui comptent. L'ordre, le rythme et la



étroit avec l'histoire de cette activité artisanale. Or, Monstafa Fathi semble ne pas en tenir compte. Ses tampons et moules ne respectent pas les principes originels de fabrication: le dessin y est en creux, par exemple, quand il devrait être en relief.

L'impression elle-même s'en ressent. Ses imprimés offrent un désordre graphique, présentent des signes hors de toute symbolique et des bavures de couleur d'autant plus pintôt surprenantes

réside dans la netteté de l'application. Autre principe mis à mal: celmi de la reproduction. La gravure artisanale s'efforce de rendre possible la copie d'un imprimé. Moustafa Fathi, quant à lai, s'y refuse. Il s'agit, certes, sur ce sujet précis d'un choix. Un choix. qui l'éloigne néanmoins d'une tradition dans la continuité de laquelle il sonhaite s'inscrire.

Sabah al-Hadidi.

Passez-moi mon français

Wadi Ram: encyclopédie planétaire

Vale Egeria!

Il s'est passé tant de choses graves et tristes dans cette région, dans ce pays, que le reste, y compris cette correspondance. m'apparait bien frivole. Je la poursuis cependant par devoir, par amitié pour toi et par amour pour la Jordanie.

Je reviens de Wadi Ram. On appelle génériquement Wadi Ram (qui n'est qu'une des vallées qui le sillonnent) le territoire au sud-est de la Jordanie, parce qu'il est en quelque sorte le plus connu, et a été, pendant des siècles, le passage d'élection des nomades qui revenaient de l'Arabie ou y allaient. Il offre un spectacle d'une beauté majestueuse et dramatique, autant par ses montagnes de grès dans lesquelles le vent a sculpté d'étranges formes, que par ses couleurs. La grande fracture qui a séparé la péninsule arabe de l'Afrique, en créant la dépression de la mer Morte et la mer Rouge, a contribué à le former.

Les montagnes de la région sont constituées d'un socle de granit précambrien, surmonté par des grès cambriens rouges, ordoviciens gris ciair et siluriens blanchatres. Les nombreuses sources, qu'on y trouve, se forment là où l'eau, qui filtre à travers les couches perméables de grès, rencontre le socie imperméable de granit, qui avec sa légère inclinaison lui permet de sortir en plein air.

Le botaniste trouve à Wadi Ram des essences (vrais fossiles vivants) qui témoignent des changements climatiques advenus dans la région. Ce territoire, en effet, a connu des périodes d'humidité, qui le voyait sinon couvert de forêts sûrement d'une savane où se mélait aussi une flore méditerranéenne. Quelques exemplaires de cèdres de Lycie, entr'autres, sont encore là pour en témoigner. Les fossiles sont nombreux, même les trilobites, qui, avec les éponges, sont la plus ancienne forme de vie de la planète. Ce qui nous ramène en arrière dans le temps, entre 600 et ou milions d'années.

Le professeur Edoardo Borzatti von Lowenstern, responsable du Laboratoire d'Ecologie du Quaternaire de l'université de Florence, étudie depuis dix-huit ans, avec la coilaboration formé de spécialistes des différentes disciplines ethno-anthropo-écologiques, ce territoire, qui semble être une véritable encyclopédie de notre planète. Il s'est retrouvé, en effet, face à une foule de pièces archéologiques, qui semblent montrer que les lieux ont été habités, sans interruption, depuis la préhistoire. Ce conte. vieux de 400.000 ans, est assez compliqué à lire, mais il semble vouloir se dévoiler, bien qu'avec beaucoup de réticence, à ce gentilhomme menu de taille, aux réflexes rapides et dont les yeux semblent regarder et voir loin.

Borzatti donc, s'est demandé entre autre, s'il était possible de refaire la génèse du nomadisme. Est-il vrai qu'il descend, depuis le néolithique (et comme l'affirme souvent la littérature anthropologique) des communautés agricoles sédentaires? Ou, au contraire, serait-il permis de soutenir que l'origine des nomades remonte directement à la matrice culturelle qui ressemble à la leur, c'est à dire celle des anciennes communautés de chasseurs paléomésolithi-

Déjà, une première difficulté d'interprétation surgit avec le bouleversement des couches superficielles du terrain, provoqué par la violente action des agents climatiques; une forte érosion, une grande amplitude thermique entre le jour et la nuit, le sable qui s'est déposé dans les vallées en une couche d'au moins 150 mètres d'épaisseur, le vent et l'eau qui ont profondément entaillé les rochers et transporté pierres et sable en mélangeant, très souvent, des témoignages préhistoriques d'époques différentes.

Changement drastique

La recherche minutieuse menée par le groupe de Florence a permis, malgré tout, de découvrir des sites d'une extrême antiquité. C'est en 1982 que l'équipe paléthnologique a trouvé un gisement lithique qui est, pour le moment, le plus ancien de Jordanie et peut-être aussi du Moyen-Orient. A Batn el-Ghoul, aux confins de l'Arabie Saoudite, une tribu de chasseurs se rassemblait il y a quelque 400.000 ans pour fabriquer ses armes et se réorganiser. Ils vivaient de chasse et de fruits sauvages, mais ils connaissaient déjà le feu et mangeaient leur viande cuite. En ce temps là, la flore était abondante et permettait une cueillette facile.

Ce gisement appartient à l'âge aculéen. Les traces des périodes plus récentes, telles que le paléolithique moyen (120,000-35,000 ans) sont beaucoup plus nombreuses et celles du paléolithique supérieur ont donné des résultats complexes et particulièrement intéressants: il semblerait que cette période, qui marque la fin de l'ère tertiaire, se soit conclue en Jordanie avec une véritable avance sur le reste du monde, pour laisser place à des cultures profondément nouvelles. Ce changement drastique, en effet, n'a lien en Europe qu'autour de l'an 10.000 av. J.-C., tandis qu'il se présente en Jordanie quelques dizaines de milliers d'années auparavant. Des gisements, qu'on peut dater autour de

14.(60-13.000 av. J.-C., le prouvent. Pour des raisons qui sont encore obscures, l'équilibre économique des tribus de chasseurs paléolithiques, qui n'avait jamais été modifié, se rompt et se conforme à de nouveaux modèles socio-économiques de vie. Déjà en 1925, V. Gordon Childe avait souligné l'importance de cephénomène, qu'il avait appelé "révolution néolithique". Les recherches qui ont été faites depuis lors en Turquie, en Irak, en Syrie, en Palestine et en Jordanie, ne laissent plus aucun doute sur le fait qu'entre 9.000 et 6.500 ans avant notre ère, on pratiquait déià ici l'agriculture et l'élevage et que les groupes humains s'étaient organisés en établissements stationnaires très complexes et évolués.

C'est une étape fondamentale dans la vie de l'homme, qui d'un rôle passif de chasse et de cueillette passe à un rôle actif de production, avec l'agriculture et l'élevage. Avec ce changement, l'homme se transforme culturellement et spirituellement en passant du nomadisme à l'urbanisation, à la politique, au commerce, jusqu'à la notion d'Etat, à la découverte des métaux, pour arriver à notre civilisation moderne.

Tous les hommes n'ont cependant pas subi cette transformation. Le Professeur Borzatti von Lowenstern interprète le fait biblique du pêché originel en l'appliquant à cette période. Pour des raisons, qui pourraient êtres climatiques ou de surpopulation, l'homme n'est plus arrivé à pourvoir aux besoins de sa famille. La femme, qui pour des raisons contingentes était moins mobile que lui, avait remarqué qu'une graine tombée dans la terre donnait naissance à une plante porteuse de d'un nombre bien plus grand des mêmes graines. Elle a alors tendu ce fruit à l'homme, en lui suggérant de travailler la terre pour résoudre ses problèmes. La plus grande partie des hommes a accepté de se plier à l'esclavage du travail et aux dangers que la possession amène avec elle. Une autre partie a refusé la sédentarisation et continué sa vie nomade. C'est la Bible encore qui nous parte du premier crime de l'histoire, commis par Cain l'agriculteur contre Abel le pasteur. La Jordanie, donc, et la ligne naturelle formée par les crêtes des montagnes, qui de la mer Rouge à Palmyre en passant par Pétra marquent le chemin du Nord, est le pays où dépuis des temps immémoriaux les sédentaires et les

BD de l'antiquité

A part les gisements préhistoriques et les très nombreuses traces de cabanes, l'histoire des nomades et des sédentaires a été écrite sur les rochers de Wadi Ram. C'est une vraie histoire qui nous est racontée, faites d'images, BD de l'antiquité. Les gens, qui sont passés et qui ont vécu sur le territoire, ont choisi de préférence les roches de grès tendre qui, en se détachant du sommet des montagnes, sont tombées à leur base. Donner un chronologie de ces graffitis est d'une énorme importance pour le scientifique, qui, à nonveau, se heurte à de grosses difficultés. Le grès contient, par nature, des oxydes de fer et de manganèse, qui par un mouvement migratoire arrivent à la surface du roc et lui donnent sa coloration. Quand on grave la pierre, il en résulte un signe clair, comme si on avait dessiné avec une craie. Ce sillon sera envahi, à son tour par les oxydes, qui lui donneront une patine semblable à celle du rocher, Il semblerait donc facile de reconnaître l'âge des graffitis à l'intensité de leur patine.

Mais la chose est bien plus compliquée. Les trois techniques employées pour graver la pierre laissent toutes, à différents degrés, de la poudre provoquée par le broyage des cristaux de grès, ce qui empêche en quelque mesure le contact des oxydes avec les agents thermiques et retarde ou empêche la formation de la patine. Il faut en plus prendre en considération l'exposition de la pierre à la lumière, à l'ombre, au vent, qui pourrait la bombarder de sable, sa densité ou sa composition en couches de natures dif-

C'est un casse-tête, qui, pour être résolu, réclame beaucoup d'effort, de patience et de prudence. Certains éléments peuvent aider, tout de même, à poser une limite maximum aux faits illustrés: une automobile ne peut être antérieure au XXème siècle et un fusil au XVIIème. L'arc, avec certaines caractéristiques, le dromadaire et le cheval imposent également des limites de datation. Naturellement, beaucoup de représentations et de signes gravés restent inexplicables. Pour le moment.

Autre découverte intéressante: la "carte" du territoire. En 1978, les Bédouins de Disi ont montré à Borzatti une pierre gravée de 2,80 x 1,70 mètres, presqu'horizontale, protégée par une caverne artificielle résultant d'un éboulement de la montagne. Elle est sillonnée de traits gravés et de coupelles peu profondes, qui ont un diamètre compris entre 1,3 et 4,5 cm. Que pouvait-elle bien signifier? Un jeu? Un autel? Un moyen pour contrôler le paiement des taxes? Aucune des explications ne semblait satisfaisante. Une idée, qui s'est présentée immédiatement au Professeur Borzatti, a pris de plus en plus de consistance: cette pierre était une représentation du territoire. L'état actuel des recherches semble confirmer cette hypothèse. Des 150 coupelles, 78 correspondent à des gisements énéolithiques, que Borzatti a pu déjà contrôler sur le terrain. Les sillons correspondent assez fidèlement aux wadi et indiqueraient la possibilité d'y transiter.

Voilà pour anjourd'hui. Sans doute t'ai-je assommée avec des mots savants et pseudo-savants, mais pouvais-je faire autrement pour te faire partager l'admiration que j'éprouve pour la personne et les travaux de Borzatti? Vale!

Flavia Romero.

nante, silencieuse.

Désire-t-elle nous livrer une

nouvelle interprétation de la

Tempête", qu'elle connaît si

bien? «Du nouvean? Disons du

plus précis. J'ai parlé, pour la

soirée, d'un climat musical. Ca

va au-delà: c'est un état d'âme

que je veux évoquer, celui de

Beethoven au moment où il a

écrit cette sonate. Pour y par-

venir, il m'a falin rapporcher

les idées musicales que j'ai

découvertes de la vie du com-

positeur, avant de me laisser

inspirer par cette rencontre.

Mozart a composé sa sonate

entre 1777 et 1779, à une épo-

que où il ressentait beaucoup

d'éccerrement. Beethoven a

écrit la "Tempête" au moment

où il déconvrait qu'il devenait

sourd et il pensait au suicide».

Rula s'attaque au clavier. «Il

cherchait les sons». Antre

accord. «Une intonation, qui

traduirait ses sentiments face à

bui. Ce mode est farouche. La

"Tempête" est une illustration

des recherches qu'il a entrep-

rises dans ce mode, en 1803, en

plein désespoir, pour se frayer

une nouvelle voie». Ces remar-

ques sont-elles un avant-goût

de ce qu'elle expliquera au

public mardi soir? «Ce que j'ai

à dire est mon secret». La

pianiste jordanienne rejoue la

dernière mesure de la "Tem-

pête". «Qu'entendez-vous?»,

demande-t-elle. Le silence...

«Non, vous vous trompez! La

musique continue... au-delà...

CINEMA

dans une antre sphère...»

En mode mineur? «Mais

ce destin».

Récital de piano au RCC

En mode mineur

Mardi 29 mai au centre culturel royal, la pianiste jordanienne Rula Nabil interprètera et commentera deux œuvres de Mozart ("Fantasia" en Ré mineur et la Sonate en La mineur) ainsi la Sonate en Ré mineur, Op. 31, N. 2, surnommée "La Tempête" de Beeth-

Propose-t-elle, avec ce prog-ramme à cheval sur les XVIIIe et XIXe siècles, de démontrer l'évolution de la sonate classique? «Pas du tout. Ce que je propose est de créer un climat musical inspiré par un choix de mode. Toutes les œuvres sont en mineur», explique-t-elle. Et pourquoi pas en majeur? «Parce que e'est la sonate de Beethoven qui m'a donné cette idée. Pour rester dans cette ambiance, il m'a fallu trouver d'autres partitions qui soient en harmonie».

Le récital en mode mineur de mardi sera le deuxième de Rula Nabil en Jnrdanie. Le premier vait en lieu fin 1988, à son retour de Mnnheim en Allemagne, où elle a fait six ans d'études. Née à Amman en 1966, la jeune artiste joue du piano depuis l'âge de 7 ans.

En quoi ce programme diffère-t-il du précédent? L'affiche du premier concert comprenaît toute une série de compositeurs (Bach, Havdn, Chopin), mais ne s'articulait pas antonr d'un thème précis. «Pourtant toutes les œuvres étaient en mode mineur», glisse-t-elle, souriante.

Ce mode mineur, évoque-t-il par hasard des sentiments qui lui sont particuliers, très chers? «Pas forcément». Rula s'est

de Mozart et Beethoven.

661026. (Votr FOCUS.)

EXPOSITIONS

Signes d'Etoffes. Kilims, broderies, talismans... Les pièces ex-

posées font partie de la vie quotidienne des paysans et bédonins de

Syrie. S'y ajontent les créations du plasticien Moustafa Fathi.

DIVERS

Danse. Le Jeune Ballet de France présente un spectacle en 25

tableaux, véritable anthologie de la danse classique occidentale.

Charles Nodier. Le directeur du CCF présente l'intellectuel

français, qui, à cheval sur les XIXe et XXe siècles, est à la fois le

CONCERTS

Récital. La pianiste jordanienne Rula Nabil interprète trois œnvres

Centre culturel royal, mardi 29 mai à 201:00. Prix des places: 3 dinars. Tel:

"parrain" des romantiques et un précurseur du surréalisme.

Centre culturel français, mercredi 30 mai à 18h00 (en français).

Centre culturel royal, jendi 31 mai à 20h00. Prix des places: 4 dinars.

Centre culturei français, Jusqu'an 31 mai. Entrée libre. Tél: 636445.

levée et vient de s'asseoir an clavier. «Mais ii m'intrigue. Ecoutez». Elle joue quelque chose de grande envergure. «Il y a un certain fatalisme, qui émane de ce mode. Il évoque le destin. C'est séduisant, ça

m'attire». L'œuvre qu'elle vient d'interpréter? «Mozart, la Sonate en La mineur. Premier mouvement. Un Allegro Maestoso. C'est rare que Mozart fasse ce choix du mineur». Cette sonate a-t-elle toujours fait partie de son répertoire? «Non, répondelle, c'est nouvean pour moi et c'est une belle surprise. Je ne la travaille que depuis deux mois. Par contre, j'ai déjà interprété la "Fantasia". Quant à la "Tempête" de Beethoven, je vis avec depuis deux ansdéjà».

"Fantasia" ne semble avoir ancun rapport avec les autres œnvres. Pourquoi l'avoir choisie? «Aucun rapport? Pas vrai. La fantaisie est une forme voisine de la sonate. Je m'en sers comme introduction, comme une ouverture. Sa structure libre et informelle me donne l'occasion d'introduire de façon badine le mode mineur, avant de m'attaquer au plat de résistance».

Dans le programme, la

S'agit-il de Mozart ou de Beethoven? «La question ne se. pose pas», s'exciame-t-elle en se mettant aussitôt à jouer. Accords majestueux. C'est Beethoven. "La Tempête". Elle jone quelques mesures du débnt: Largo Allegro. Du deuxième mouvement: Adagio. Elle continue, et c'est l'Al-legretto, jusqu'à la fin surpre-

TELEVISION

DEMANCHE -

17850 - Tel Père, Tel Fils: sittom à la française, avec Jacques Balutin. 18815 - L'Ecole des Fans, animée par Jacques Martin. Invités: une instinatrice et ses élèves.

19h00 - Le Journal. 19h15 - Sélection de variétés fran-

LUNDE

18h00 - "Le plus grand cinéma du monde": documentaire con ne art en Inde.

19h15 - Magazine sportif hebdoma

00 - Le Journal.

MARDI_ 18h20 - Des Chiffres et des Lettres:

jeu. 18540 - Tei Père, Tei Fils. 19500 - Le Journal.

19h00 - Le Journal. 19h15 - Aujourd'hui en Jordanie: magazine local réalisé et présenté par Saleh Madi.

MERCREDI

18h10 - "Panique aux Caraibes" série policière... 19h06 - Le Journal. 19h15 - Les Méandres de l'Eau:

JEUDI

17h40 - "Molierissimo" (5): dessin animé pour les jeunes. 20 ans d'his toire de France, vus par un enfant de 10 ans, en compagne du dramaturge 18h10 - Des Chiffres et des Lettres:

18h30 - La Chance aux Chansons: émission de variétés françaises du passé, présentée par Pascal Sevran. 19h00 - Le Journal.

19h15 - Sélection de variétés fran-

VENDREDI

"Bâton rouge", de Rached Bouchared, avec Jacques Penot (1986). Trois jennes, en quête d'aventure en Amérique et en

Sami Kamal.

Centre culturel français, lundi 28 mai à 20100 (en français, sous-titré en

"Death of a Salesman", de Volker Schlöndorff, d'après l'œuvre d'Arthur Miller, avec Dustin Hoffman, Charles Durning et Kate Reid. Illusions perdues et suicide d'un commis voyageur, archétype d'une Amérique moyenne... Centre américain, jeudi 31 mai à 19h00 (en anglais).

17h15 - "Plic ou Voyon", de Georges Lautner, avec Jean-Paul Belmostio et Marie Laforer Un commissaire de police est assass Nice. L'enquête piétine, dans une ville tenue par deux caïds protégés par des flics véreux. La police des

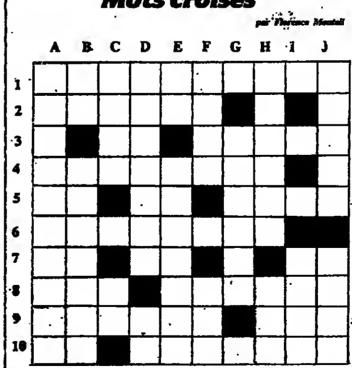
polices est mise sur l'affaire. 19h00 - Le Journal. 19h15 - Portraits, ou métiers de femmes. Cette semaine: la repas-

SAMEDI

17h40 - Le Monde est à Vous: émission jeux et variétés présentée par Jacques Martin. 00 - Le Journal.

19h15 - Anjourd'hui en France:





1: représentations. 2: indignés. 3: lle française; qui a un gros ventre. 4: élèvent. 5: forme d'avoir; adjec-tif possessif; précis. 6: sacrifiées; 7: négation; a va le jour; pronon personnel. 8: longue période; éprouves. 9: les socurs des parents enlevé. 10: spécialité; évaluer.

Verticalement.

pour tirer la soie des cocons; point cardinal. G: périodes. H: pas rapides; inséparable de Jerry. L: sur les épaules. J: isolés; éroder.

(Solution la semaine prochaine)

1: redécouvre. 2: Anon; ou. 3: pot; che, 4: prancien. 5: ombre; tués. 6: relancer. 7: endosses. 8: en; cru. 9: rachats; us. 10: ccs; étés.

A: rapide et imprévu. B: forme de pouvoir; feras des vers. e: exister; préposition. D: Salade; pronom. E: équerre; cochomeries. F: dévidoir

Solution de la grille N. 11:

A: rapportera. B: énorme; na. Ci dotable; cc. D: en; tranche. E: tiendres. F: on; coût G: cités; se. H: volcurs. I: rainé; émues. J: sas;

LE SAVIEZ-VOUS

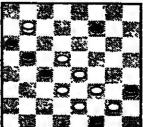
JEANNE D'ARC EPILEPTIQUE? Les voix appelant Jeanne d'Arc à bouter les Anglais hors de France résultaient peut-être de crises d'épilepsie déclenchées par le son des cloches, selon les très sérieux travaux de deux neurologues américaines. «Plutôt qu'une psychopathe, comme l'ont affirmé certains, elle apparaît comme une fille victime de crises d'épilepsie, qui ont transformé ses hallucinations en puissante source de passion religieuse et de dévouement social», estiment-elles. Selon les deux chercheuses, "Jeanne la Bonne Lorraine" présentait une série de traits de caractère souvent rencontrés chez les patients souffrant de cette forme particulière d'épilepsie: le sentiment d'une destinée personnelle, un approfondissement de toutes les émotions, des sentiments de grandenr et de joie, un grand moralisme, de solides convictions religieuses et une absence de libido.

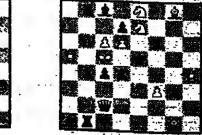
DENONCIATION. «Indiquez le nom, l'adresse ou la plaque d'immatriculation des trafiquants et consommateurs de drogne; découpez le coupon et envoyez-le à la police». Ce procédé, pour le mnins nriginal, utilisé depuis quelques mois aux Etats-Unis par un journal de Virginie, fait recette. Les coupons sont apparus fin février dans le "Williamson Daily News" sous le titre: «Assez, j'en ai assez de voir la drogue dans mon voisinage». Depuis, 192 dénonciations sont effectivement parvenues aux services de police de la ville. Satisfait de son initiative, le journal a récemment publié de nouveaux appels à la délation, demandant cette fois de signaler plus particu-lièrement les "dealers" des établissements scolaires.

DAMES Problème N. 12.

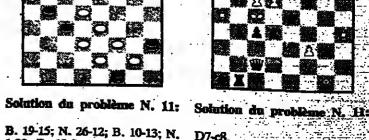
Les blancs gagness en sept coups.

Problème N. 12.





B. 19-15; N. 26-12; B. 10-13; N. D7-c8. 1-28; B. 13-8.



ECHECS

and the state of t

Men for achange

Men rarely share responsibility for family planning. And male decision-makers tend to give little thought to issues like maternal and infant mortality. But if men do not accept that family planning plays a major role in the survival of our planet, we are all heading for trouble, warns the 1990 State of World Population Report from the United Nations Population Fund. Mark Times reports from Thailand.

THAI men have long played. a central role in their country's family planning effort - as

ide be

Cina

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During the 1930s and 1940s in Thailand, under the dictatorship of Plack Pibulsonkhram, awards were given out on Mother's Day to women with large families. These pro-natalist policies, which held sway for decades, were driven by the notion that a large population was needed to build up military

Only in the early 1970s did things change. The Thai government undertook to reduce the population growth rate by 0.5 percentage points a year. It now became clear that large population growth was slowing down development, and that poverty might be alleviated by reducing family size.

Thousands of village family planning volunteers were mobilised. And the campaign worked: birth-rates more than halved during the course of the next 15 years,

Today, nearly 70 per cent of married couples practice family planning and 95 per cent of couples do not want more than two children. Most cite economic reasons for their choice.

This success has made Thailand a family planning model for other developing countries. But it is women who can take. the credit. Men remain a bastion of traditional resistance. In 1987 for example, 68 per centof women were practising some form of contraception compared with only seven per centof men. -

The figures are skewed towards women — and not only in Thailand — partly because most contraceptive methods are designed for women. Equally important; however, is attitude. Whereas boys are coddled by most That parents, girls are taught from a young age to take responsibility. As adults, too, there is little incentive for Thai males to accept responsibility for family planning. Many continue to view family planning as exclusively a woman's concern.

When Thai girls grow up, however, they play a more active economic role in the family and in society as a whole than do their counterparts in many other societies. The main thing Thailand's family planning effort has been going for it, according to its chief architect Mechai Viravaidhya, is "the relatively strong personality of the Thai women".

"The men don't get in the way of women. That's probably been their most important role," says Mechai. "Even if there were a pill available to men, the women would still use their own pill because they wouldn't trust the men to use It's tempting simply to write

off family planning campaigns aimed at men and to direct resources -at women, where they can be more effective. But this year's State of World Population Report, just released by the United Nations Population Fund, states quite clearly that more men must get involved in family planning if population growth is not to overwhelm the earth's resources. For world population to stabilise at 11 billion by the end of the next century, contraceptive use will have to increase worldwide by 64 per cent within the next 10 years. This will only be possible if men take a more responsible attitude.

Even Thailand, with its dramatically reduced birth-rate. has an extra one million new mouths to feed each year. And the number of women of reproductive age will increase from seven million to ten million over the next few years. . .

However, Thai family planning agencies already face a shortage of contraceptive materials and other resources. This is why the cheapest and most reliable form of contraception of all - the vasectomy or male sterilization - is being prom-



Gimmicks — such as getting elephants to distribute free condons may not always change male attitudes towards contraception. But they certainly arouse curiosity -- and that is a start in trying to get men to share responsibility for family planning (UNFPA photo).

oted. Vasectomy takes 15 minutes, costs half as much as female sterilization - and is less likely to cause side-effects.

Mechai has already given Thailand a certain notoriety by staging mass vasectomy fairs each year on the birthday of Thailand's king. In 1987, a record was set when more than 2,000 men showed up at a field next to the royal palace for the free operation.

Despite the fanfare, however, far fewer men than women opt to be sterilised. The total number of men sterilised in 1987 was 16,447. The figure for " "Pout" to go ahead with the op-women that same year was eration and not have second close to 140,000.

"Men don't do it (have a vasectomy) because they're not the ones to get pregnant," says Patama Bhiromrut, the Ministry of Public Health's senior family planning promotion spe-

Communication is another problem. Women can find out about female sterilization during pregnancy from medical personnel or village midwives. But men retain their traditional attitudes and superstitions. A recent survey in Thailand's north-east showed that men were worried about rumored links between the operation and impotence, poor health and work disability.

Now the Thai Association for Voluntary Sterilization is seeking to remove some of these prejudices and to enlighten men. One thing they have discovered is that men need sup-

thoughts about it later. Most who had the operation were influenced by people they respected or trusted, like community leaders or friends or entertainers who had had the operation themselves. "Men should be motivated to like birth control," the survey con-

Women count, but are not counted

LONDON — If life is tough for women in developed countries, it tougher in the Third World. The Human Development Report published for UNDP shows

that Third World women get less of everything — except suffering. Female children in developing countries get less food, less health care and less education. In some countries, more girl babies die before their fifth birthday than boys. Adult women get less education, less professional training and less pay even when they work longer hours than men. In some societies women have few or no property rights.

"Many countries are obviously ignoring the high social dividends of investing in women," observes Mahbuh Ul Haq, Special Adviser to UNDP Administrator William H. Draper, and principal author of the report. He points out that higher female literacy results in lower infant mortality, better family nutrition, reduced fertility and lower population growth. The report cites Bangladesh, where children of illiterate

mothers face five times higher child mortality than those of mothers with at least seven years of schooling

Nothing illustrates the magnitude of female deprivation more than statistics for maternal mortality. The risk of death for an expectant mother in some developing countries is fifty times that in industrialised nations. "No other North-South gap in human development is wider than that between maternal mortality rates," says the report, describing it as "a symbol of the neglect of women's health in the Third World."

High mortality rates have devastating social consequences. Maternal mortality rates were 1,000 or more per 100,000 live births in Somalia, Bhutan, Ghana and Congo, and were over 400 per 100,000 in 14 more countries. Most of these countries have high infant mortality rates as well.

Neglect of women's well being takes many forms and starts early, says the report. Female children are fed poorly, clothed

cheaply and often not sent to school nor taken to the doctor. Families in India's rural Punjah spend more than twice as much on the medical care of male infants as on that of female infants. And spending on clothing there is 40 per cent higher for boys than

Discrimination against women is reinforced in education. Even men living in rural areas have better literacy levels than the overall literacy rate for urban women. The female literacy rate for the developing world as a whole is now three-quarters that of the male. "The gap has narrowed slightly in the last three decades, but much progress re-mains to be made," the report

There still are 17 developing countries where twice as many boys attend secondary school as girls. In 16 countries, female primary school envolment is less than two-thirds that of males.

The true extent of discrimination against women is not re-

vealed by official statistics. Much of the work that women do re-mains "invisible" in national accounting and censuses. Women typically work about 25 per cent longer hours than men. Much of their work - including household work and growing subsistence crops - is unpaid. But women's remuneration is less even when they are paid because of lower rates and because they usually wind up in low paid jobs such as agriculture and informal

sectors. The report for the first time calculates separate human development indices for males and females. The results are devastating. Even in those developing countries which have achieved high human development levels, gender discrimination is very pro-

The report recommends that more investment be made in women as an integral part of the human development strategies for the 1990s - UNDP press

Journalist finds Jordan 'healthier'

By Joumana Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Jordan is in a healthier situation because it has led the Middle East region in a democratic experiment, according to British historian Patrick Seale.

Seale, who is here with a U.N. journalists delegation, said Jordan's 1988 decision to disengage itself from the West Bank had resulted in a better Jordanian-Palestinian relationship and gave the initiative to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), which is now seeking dialogue with Israel through Egyptian help.

Scale said the U.S. had a "great responsibility" towards revitalising the Middle East peace process, "especially as (it is) today the only power in the

However, it was also "very important for the Arabs to speak with one voice to impress on Washington the urgency of the situation," Seale told the Jordan Times.

Seale, a journalist and author, cited several factors as adding urgency to efforts to settle the Middle East conflict, including the nuclear missile proliferation in the region, the Israeli rightist trend towards extremism and the massive influx of Soviet Jews into Israel and "inevitably into the occupied territories." According to Seale, the "collapse" of Soviet power and the continuing reluctance of the United States to involve itself deeper in the peace process are the main factors that hinder the achievement of peace in the Middle East region,

Mahmoud El Said, head of the delegation, which is currently on a visit to Jordan on the third leg of a trip which will include Egypt, said a visit to the Middle East was enough to convince any journalist of the realities on the ground and transmit it to the world at large.

"Our visit provides the opportunity to high level journalists from various European and North American countries to learn all the facts about the situation in the Middle East and various aspects of the Palestinian

question," El Said told the Jordan Times.
"There is an urgent need for a comprehensive peace settlement in the

Middle East," be said. The delegation was briefed on Jordan's position by senior officials, including Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Information Minister Ibrahim Izzeddin and director of the Department of Palestinian Affairs at the Foreign Ministry Ahmad Qatanani. The delegation will be received by His Royal Highhess Crown Prince Hassan before its departure

El Said, an Egyptian who works for the U.N. Public Information Department, said he supported the Arab call for an international peace conference on the Middle East. "Every year the U.N. contacts all the parties," he said. "All Arab sides (except Lebanon whose official functions are limited due to the civil war there) receive the delegation," the journalist said. "But Israel always refuses to receive them or allow them into the occupied territories."

Mr. Michel Roy, a journalist for Montreal's L'Actualité, who visited Jordan several times, lamented the stagnated efforts for peace in the Middle East. "I hope there will be progress to the solution for the Palestinian problem, and the Americans would have some influence on Israel strong enough to change the course." he said. "It s very important for a journalist living in America to come over here to understand and feel the problem."

Roy also said he was pleased with the recent changes in Jordan, including the Kingdom's moves to resolve its economic crisis, the democratisation process and freedom of the press. "The people in America must know and be well informed (of the situation) to be in a position to pressure their governments and leaders" into striving for a just solution in the Middle

Mr. Kentaro Hiryama of Japan's NHK television said Tokyo was supportive of a "peace solution based on U.N. Security Council Resolution 242 respecting the Palestinian rights for self-determination, including their right to establish an independent state and also the recognition of the PLO as a representative organisation of the Palestinian people."

The journalists are in the Middle East on a fact-finding mission arranged

every year by the United Nations General Assembly. The head of the tion is expected to draft a report on the team's findings and submit it to the U.N. General Secretariat as a document to be presented to the General Assembly.

Arab turning point expected at Baghdad

(Continued from page 1)

was "trying to bridge the gap" between American and the Arab, particularly the Palestinian, positions by convincing the Arab summit not make a specific reference to an international peace ofference.

This would have been a disas-

ter," a PLO official commented "The Arab and Palestinian people are expecting a confrontation strategy not more concessions,"

Despite Egyptian reservations on strongly worded resolutions which might provoke the U.S. observers believe that several

draft resolutions, in essence, presented a spirit of confrontation. They cite the resolutions concerning Iraq and Jordan in particular as reflecting this new "spirit."

They noted that the draft re-

solution concerning Jordan clearly linked Israel's settlement policies and Jewish immigration with the Kingdom's national security. The draft resolution, describing Israel's settlement policy as posing a serious threat to Jordan's national security, was viewed here as pressure on the U.S. to take a firm position over its financial and military support for

The summit is also expected

port, hy all means, Jordan's to analysts.

No information was available whether this resolution would be translated into concrete financial aid for Jordan

The draft resolution on Iraq constitutes a clear challenge to the U.S. in more than one count. - It stresses Iraq's right to defend itself by "any means... if it is attacked."

right "to develop its technological abilities." If these two resolutions are

ern criticism of Iraq's possession weapons from Middle East. unanimously approve a resolu-

tion obliging all countries to sup- of chemical weapons, according

In fact, Western criticism of Iraq's possession of chemical weapons, and the recent uproar over alleged Iraqi attempts to boost its arsenal, had prompted the Arab foreign ministers to include for the first time a whole section dedicated to technology. The section, which was supported by Egypt, stressed "the right of all Arab countries to possess and - Second, it affirms Iraq's develop advanced technology."

. The Arab foreign ministers however, recommended to their leaders a clear resolution calling passed, they would he the for the elimination of nuclear strongest Arab reaction to West- weapons and other lethal

APPOINTMENT IN ITALY

teway to the rest of the world.

AMMAN-ROME

NON STOP From June 2nd new flight times from Amman to Rome two times a week. Alitalia offers you the possibility to fly non stop to Rome, your ga-

AMMAN-ROME Wednesday 10.25 14.00 Sunday ROME-AMMAN 12.50 17.55 Tuesday Saturday

Security Council adjourns Geneva session

(Continued from page 1) would not oppose such a mission. Picketing did not speak in the

Arafat, in an imprecedented speech to the council Friday. called for a U.N. emergency: force to be sent to the area to protect the Arab population, and urged sanctions against Israel.

A U.S. official made plain

Saturday that Washington would veto any council resolution containing those points. There are obviously elements of the speech we don't agree with," the official said on condi-

tion of anonymity.

Such a team would include representatives of several countries rather than personal representatives of Perez De Cuellar and would presumably mount a wider probe than a special envoy. Bahram called the meeting af-ter an Israeli gunman shot dead

eight Palestinian workers in the

16 more Arabs died and 500 were wounded as Palestinians took to the streets in protest in the days which followed.

Diplomats said it was possible something could be agreed next week in New York, but Arah delegates had hoped for concrete action this weekend so that Arafat would not have to travel empty-handed to the Arab summit starting in Baghdad Monday.

Egypt proposed that ambassadors of Security Council members France, Canada and Ethiopia investigate the violence, but Israel made clear it would reject any action under council auspices.

"We do not accept Security Council jurisdiction in this matter. Anything related to security (in the occupied territories) is of our province and of our province alone," Israeli Deputy Foreign Minister Benjamin Netanyahu

told a news conference. "You (the United States) have Israeli baby " Arafat told a sepa-rate news conference. "Does the United States take orders from

Israel? Arab diplomats said the United States at first supported the send-ing of French, Canadian and Ethiopian envoys but backed down because of Israeli objec-

Arafat said he noted a shift by President George Bush's administration in the long-standing U.S. support of Israel but added: "This change should be translated into practical steps."

He said Palestinian were losing patience with the heavy toll Israel was taking of them and that Washington still sent Israel huge amounts of aid.

On Friday, France called for a fact-finding mission to the territories and the Soviet Union suggested the stationing of permanent observers. Britain nlso agreed to consider a greater U.N. role to ease the strife.

Clashes between troops and.

Several Arab delegations in Saturday's debate called for U.N. protection of Palestinians.

Like Arafat, Abdulridha Abdullah Khoury of the United Arah Emirates called on the United States to pressure Israel towards a Middle East peace settlement.

Bangladesh delegate Harup-Ur-Rashid likened Israeli policies to fascism.

By far the most violent attack on Israel Saturday came from Iran, which promised all-out support in the "struggle against the Zionist entity so as to dismantle this source of mischief, instability and aggression."

Foreign Minister Hossein Sheikholeslam termed the Jewish state "illegal" and reiterated that Iran rejects any proposals for an international peace conference.

He called Israel a "cancerous

At a press conference, Deputy

tumur" and said its government "should be eliminated."

completely spoiled your naughty occupied territories Sunday and Uprising leaders call for attacks on soldiers

(Continued from page 1) and bread and some parents were letting children sneak out to

Israel lifted the Gaza curfew for two hours Thursday so resi-

several days of furious protests in the occupied territories, in which 16 Arabs were killed and almost 900 wounded.

stone-throwing demonstrators In the West Bank, about Saturday, Palestinian sources 100,000 Arabs in Hebron and said. They said soldiers shot and . In Arab East Jerusalem, police surrounding refugee camps re- wounded three Palestinians in

They said there were also clashes in the cities of Nablus and Ramallah but no one was injured. Troops arrested three Palesti-

fired live ammunition to disperse



Sunday's killings sparked mained under curiew Saturday. Jenin.

broke out in the West Bank when curfews were lifted in some areas

nians in Bethlehem.

Bahrain-based entity launches issue of 25 million shares at \$14 each

ABC shares go on international market

assembled a management syndi-

cate consisting of 34 prominent

financial institutions originating

from 16 different countries. The

management syndicate has fully

covered the share issue and will

be proceeding to place the shares

with their clients over the next

The net proceeds of the issue

are expected to be used, among

other things, to support the furth-

er expansion of the ABC group's

activities, particularly in Europe

and in the Arah World. To this

end, part of the proceeds will be

used in capitalising a subsidiary banking operation in the Euro-

pean Community (EC) that would acquire and integrate

ABC's branch operations in the

EC and certain of the U.K. sub-

sidiary operations, in preparation

for the economic integration of

Arab World to have obtained

investment grade ratings from

any of the recognised internation-

ABC is the only bank in the

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer

BAHRAIN - The Arab Banking Corporation (ABC) and its global coordinators Saturday formally launched its offer of 25 million shares at \$14 each in the first-ever issue of shares of a Bahrain-based Arab banking institution to the public regardless of nationality.

The ABC and its coordinators Credit Suisse First Boston Limited, the Consulting Centre for Finance and Investment and ABC Investment and Services Company — announced the \$14 price against a book value at the end of 1989 of \$15.33.

According to a press release, the shares were being made available both through a private place regionally and internationally and a public offering in Bahrain.

The issue is nnique since ABC is the first Bahrain-based entity to be given permission to offer its shares to investors regardless of nationality. The Bahrain offering began Saturday and will end June 14 and is co-ordinated by ABC Investment and Services Co. The Saudi based Consulting Centre for Finance and Investment is co-ordinating the private placement in the remainder of the Arab World and Credit Suisse First Boston Limited in London is coordinating the private place-

ment in the rest of the world. The global coordinators have all rating services. Standard and Poor's Corporation has assigned ratings of "A" for ABC's longterm debt and "A-2" for its short

The lead managers for the issue are: ABC Investment and Services Co.; Al Ahli Bank of Kuwait; Olayan Finance Company; Credit Suisse First Boston Limited; the Consulting Centre for Finance and Investment.

The co-lead managers are: Arabi Anan Bank; Libyan Arab Foreign Bank; Arab Investment Company; BNP Capital Markets Limited; Kidder, Peabody International Limited; Lihyan Arab Foreign Investment Company; Merrill Lynch International Limited; Morgan Stanley International; Nomura International
PLC and Tunis International

Co-managers are: Al Ubaf Arab International Bank; Agicorp; Arab Financial Services; Arab International Bank; Banque Française de l'Orient; Gulf International Bank; Niscorp; Okasan International; Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.; B.A.I.I Sheppards Investment Advisers Ltd; Banco Arabe Espanole; Banco Atlantico; Daishin Securities Co.; Daiwa Europe Limited; Giroznetrale und Bank der Oesterreichischen Sparkassen; Kleinv Benson

Limited; Morgan Securities Li-Parihas Limited; and

Thousands of Argentines recently stage a protest against new economic me dent Carlos Menem

IMF defreezes aid to Argentina

WASHINGTON (AP) — The International Monetary Fund (IMF) will let Argentina draw \$240 million of a \$1.7-billion loan that the fund suspended last February, according to an IMF

The fund was suspended when President Carlos Menem's government failed to meet agreed on

The spokesman, who gave the information Friday on condition he not be named, said Argentina's conditions for this year have been revised. He would not disclose them. He added that the drawings had been permitted because of the forceful policies of the government.

He said Argentina could use part of the \$240 million to buy back some of its \$60-billion debt

at a discount. It owes about \$40 billion to banks. Last week its debt to banks could be bought on the New York market for 14 cents on the dollar.

The fund's loan can also be used to support other arrangements that Argentina may make with the banks that hold the debt, to reduce the \$4 billion in payments due them every year. One official said the amount available for these purposes would be more than 25 per cent of the \$240

million drawing. Argentina has fallen behind on its payments and owes another \$6 billion in arrears.

The spokesman said future drawings could also be used for reduction of Argentine debt and payments. Whether future drawings are permitted will depend on

American analysts predict

tough going for Gorbachev

whether the fund decides that Menem's government is meeting the new targets.

His government has been following an austerity programme of the kind that the fund usually makes a condition for its aid Menem has cut the budget, lifted price controls and is planning to privatise companies owned by the

Inflation has been running at a rate of more than 100 per cent a year and about 40 per cent of the work force is jobless.

Now that the drawing has been

pproved, the way is open for talks between the Argentine government and creditor banks, under a debt reduction plan proposed by U.S. Treasury Secretary

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY MAY 27, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Many changes are in effect today and it's up to you go to go along with them tactfully and to show that you are able to handle conditions that don't suit a mutual pur-

ARRES: (March 21 to April 19) Full speed ahead now in the com-pany of unique and bizzare persons to gain the various personal desires which mean so much to you, so much action is urred.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Now you are able to bring your finest abilities to the attention of those who have interest and the power to make them successful

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Welcome with open arms any newcomers or interesting persons of different views from yours as you can profit immeasurably from

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Seek out businessmen and experts in your line of activity and get the up to date suggestions they can give to add to your prosperity. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You can now present that project that means so much to you and that has

unusual features to one of con-siderable influence who can make VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Don't think you have reached the limit of success possible in your activities since today can bring some new ideas by which you can expand horizons.

LINRA: (September 23 to October-22) Your day not only to have a wonderful time at the outlets that most intrigue you but also to make appointments for future entertain-

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) At last you have a good day to state your ideas at home which you have been hesitant about doing and should get a favorable or beneficial response.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Think about each and every person you would like to the days shead and communicate with them in an exciting way. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) Your mind should be preoccupied on your abundance and how it can be increased by more modern and up to date

AQUAPTUS: (January 21 to February 19) Now you have the day to go after what you want of a personal nature with courage, confidence, conviction and some extra elbow

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Today is the day when you are bubbling over with good ideas for adding to your success and happi-ness so make notations of them

By Harris THE BETTER HALF. "I have some papers to catch up

on at work. I'll be home by 1997."

JUNIBUE THAT SCHARGLED WORD GAME by Henri Armold and Bob Lee. one letter to each square, to form PHOCE INGYL **BILDOY** WHAT THE MOUNTAINEER'S MASCOT WAS. COYTUR

Print enswer here:

Yesterday's Jumbles: MOUND TWICE WAYLAY SPORTY Answer: Although it won't necessarily make you night get this from an intelligent cyster—A PEARL OF WISDOM

Polish rail strike eases ahead of local elections

Europe in 1992.

WARSAW (Agencies) — A week-old rail strike showed signs of easing as workers unblocked key lines and sent negotiators to Warsaw Saturday on the eye of landmark local elections.

A strike spokesman said there was still time to agree on a peace formula with the government before the elections, the first fullyfree nationwide vote in Poland for half a century

The strike has grown into the biggest challenge to the Solidarity-led government which took power from the Communists last year and launched tough austerity policies on Jan. 1.

Prime Minister Tadeusz Mazowiecki said Friday that it threatened Poland's still fragile democracy, and that meeting the strikers' pay demands would be suicidal for the economy.

Strikers freed passenger traffic via the Baltie port of Gdynia and unblocked the central junctions of Bydgoszdz and Torun late Friday, and hunger strikers ended their fast in the coastal city of

Slupsk, where the protests began. But the strikers continued to

stop freight entering and leaving all Polish ports, Rail officials have said the strike is hitting exports of coal, the country's main foreign currency earner and. provider of eight per cent of its export revenue.

A railway spokesman, quoted ne omciai pap news agency, said 72 passenger trains were cancelled Saturday, compared with about 80 Friday.

A strike delegation arrived in Warsaw for talks after the government refused to send negotiators to meet them in Slupsk. "There is a chance for an

agreement in the Warsaw talks in time for Sunday's local elections," strike spokesman Jerzy

Sadka said. Some railway managers have been sacked since the strike began but the government has re-fused to meet demands for a 20 per cent wage rise, giving railwaymen 10 per cent more than the

Mazowiecki said such a course would waste months of struggle and undermine economic austerity measures aimed at defeating hyperinflation and building a market-based economy.
'Deputy 'Transport Minister

Ewaryst Waligorski told Polish radio that pay talks would be possible only after the strike had had taken stock of the economy's performance in the first five months of the year.

Solidarity leader Lech Walesa has said the industrial dispute could lead to civil war and has accused Alfred Miodowicz, chairman of Poland's biggest trade union federation OPZZ, of trying to disrupt the reforms by backing the strike.

Solidarity, in a statement issued by its national leaders. urged its members to abandon the strike.

Today we appeal to the striking railwaymen who are members of our union to give up the strike," it said.

Soviet Prime Minister Nikolai Ryzhkov has announced plans for a public referendum on an economic plan that would raise prices of most products by next year, including a tripling of bread prices by Jan. 1, 1991. The experts predicted spreading strikes and

devastating runs on stores and hoarding in anticipation of the price hikes.

By Thomas Ginsberg The Associated Press

NEW YORK - Leading U.S. analysts are

offering some of their most pessimistic assess-

ments yet of Mikhail Gorbachev's future in the

wake of an economic reform proposal most

experts already consider a disaster.
(Gorbachev's) destiny is linked to this price

reform," said Judy Shelton, a Stanford Universi-

ty economist and author of "The Coming Soviet

Calling the proposed tripling of basic food prices untenable, Shelton predicted Friday: "I

think the day the bread price hike takes effect,

"I would be prepared to say that this moves him one step closer" to falling from power, said Harvard University historian Marshall Goldman.

The economic plan which also would allow many Soviet enterprises and properties to be bought and sold, as well as go bankrupt or close. While far more radical than previously expected, Western experts nearly unanimously considered the plan too timid and said it could have disastrous results if voters approve it.

"Getting halfway there may be worse than never even starting," said Ed Hewitt, a Soviet analyst at the Brookings Institute Research Centre. Soviet polls have indicated that about half of

Soviet citizens would support a free market system. But it was unclear whether they would vote for skyrocking prices and unprecedented unemployment based on promises of better times. by a government that, by its own admission, lacks solid popular support,
"He's lost credibility. His situation has deteriorated so much," Goldman said in a telephone

interview. "The methods that he should have used - markets, family farming, joint ventures - have gotten off to such a bad start."

Hewitt said he was less worried about Gorbachev's personal position than about his ability to govern after the referendum, no date for which

"The one mistake that we've made over the last few years is that we've underestimated him," Hewitt said. "But I'm sure that the economic reform package will not work. If they don't pull it back and do something more serious, they're going to do more damage than from five years of wandering in the wilderness."

Shelton said the price hikes were intended to raise money to eliminate the Soviet budget deficit, estimated at anywhere between \$40 billion and \$165 billion.

"This is not a market plan. Their prices always have been fixed. Now they will just be fixed at the market rate," she said. Shelton said Gorbachev was caught between

the need to convert quickly to a market system and a fear of popular unrest over high unemployment and prices that would result. He chose a middle route of retaining control of higher prices.

national monthly average of Ivory Coast, deep in debt, gives in to wage demands

By Michael Roddy

ABIDJAN - Ivory Coast, which last month suspended an austerity programme that would have slashed wages, seems caught in a spiral of pay demands making it more difficult to make ends meet.

The government of President Felix Houphouet-Boigny, unable to repay its \$14-billion foreign debt, appears ready to satisfy the wage demands of military recruits and police to buy labour peace.

Bankers don't know where the cash will come from and diplomats think a bad precedent is being set.

"Where will the money come from -- that is the question everyone is asking," one Western banker said. "So far these are merely promises to pay... hnt he (Houphonet-Boigny) hasn't got any more

money."
The troubled West African cocoa-growing state, its economy punctured by low world cocoa prices, has agreed to pay demands of striking military recruits, says it is studying similar demands from police and could face more strikes from dockers, electrical workers and customs agents, among

"The forestry workers, the customs workers, the electric company — they're all going to do it," a diplomat said. "Anyone who has any means of applying pressure — it's only

A proposed austerity plan intended to meet International Monetary Fund (IMF) spending guidelines was dropped last month following the most vio-lent protests since independence from France in 1960. Diplomats, hankers and

other observers think that without an economic master plan and some sort of agreement with the IMF that would free up billions of dollars in foreign aid. The country is The type of leadership that

the president seems to favour at this moment almost seems designed to incite the different sectors to make demands," a diplomat said. 'If oue group gets what it wants then another

will try it."
Political infighting to succeed Houphouet-Boigny, 84, is also making the country difficult to govern, diplomats and other sources said.

A political battle seems to be shaping np hetween Houphonet-Boigny's heir apparent, National Assembly President Henri Konan-Bedie, and Defence Minister Jean Konan-Banny.

Both men are political veterans and both made major speeches recently to boost their images.

But succession is complicated hy the president's agreement last month, in the face of protests, to permit multi-party democracy for the first time



since independence.

Since then at least nine parties have filed for recognition and the president's own party, the Democratic Party of Ivory Coast (PDCI), appears set to be overhauled.

A source close to the PDCI said most of the top party bosses will be sacked and younger replacements will be named at a party congress in the near future.

"Within the PDCI it's obvious that people are starting to position themselves," a diplomat said. "They're all getting into position for the start-

World Bank, U.S. head for collision over China loans

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — The United States looks headed for a confrontation with the World Bank over the organisation's plans to resume full-scale lending to China, according to bank sources.

"So far, neither side is backing down," one source said.

The World Bank has put forward two loans to China for approval for its board Tuesday, even though the United States has clearly stated its opposition to

one of them. The bank cut off full-scale lending to China last June after the bloody crackdown on prodemocracy students in Beijing's Tiananmen Square.

Largely at the insistence of the United States, it has restricted its lending to China since then to credits which meet basic human

Washington has said that it can support one of the two loans before the board next week - a \$300 million credit for tree planting to combat deforestation cause its meets basic human But the United States is

opposed to the other loan — a 150 million credit to upgrade roads and inland waterways in Jiangsn province — because Washington does not think it meets the basic human needs of the Chinese people. "We do not believe that the Jiangsu provinciai transport loans

meets ... (the) criteria," the State

Department spokesman said. The United States does not have enough votes on its own to veto the loan, but could block the credit if it gains support from other rich nations in the Group of Seven (G-7) — Britain, Canada, France, Italy, Japan and West Germany.

Despite speculation within the bank that the United States had lost the backing of some of its fellow G-7 members, the State Department spokesman said the group was still committed to restricting credits to those that meet basic human needs.

"At the moment, we're all together," said one official from another G-7 country.

World Bank President Barber Conable has "no intention of withdrawing" the proposed loans, said Peter Riddleberger, a spokesman for Conable. Of the total, \$400 million dollars would be lent at less than one

per cent annual interest. Conable has said the bank lends only on economic considerations, and the delay of \$780 million worth of loans after the brutal suppression of pro-democracy demonstrations last June was to gain time to look into the economic effects of the action.

Pastor Sison, a Bank Asia specialist, said the projected \$300 million for planting trees in 15 Chinese provinces would be the biggest loan ever granted for

Africans owe \$225.6b

RABAT (R) - Africa's foreign debt has become unbearable, ballooning to \$225.6 billion at the end of 1989, according to the African Development Bank.

Despite reschednlings and moratoriums "repayments remain high and appear to be un-bearable," said the report, to be presented to the ADB's annual eneral meeting in Ivory Coast

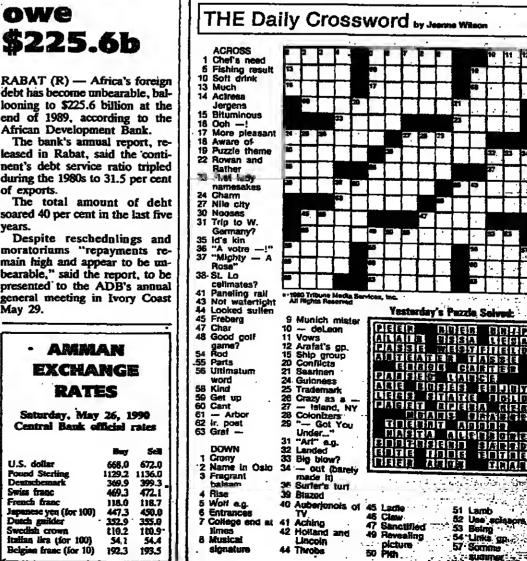
AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Saturday, May 26, 1990

668.0 672.0 1129.2 1136.0 Pound Sterling Deutschemen 399.3 472.1 118.7 450.0 355.0 100.9 54.4 193.5 369.9 469.3 118.0 French franc Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown t10.2 54.1 192.3

The bank's annual report, released in Rabat, said the conti-

during the 1980s to 31.5 per cent of exports. The total amount of deht soared 40 per cent in the last five



The state of the s

Tyson leaves hiding Mize leads to resume training Atlanta Go

LAS YEGAS (AP) — When last seen in public with boxing gloves on, Mike Tyson was lying on the canvas in the Tokyo Dome before 40,000 schocked Japanese and one jubilant Buster Douglas.

In the stiffing heat of a tin-can gymnasium this week. Tyson held a coming out party of sorts, breaking his veil of secrecy to go five rounds with two sparring partners in front of a handful of writers and photographers.

"I'm kind of almost glad to see you guys," he told the writers. "I must be a ham. I can't wait to get back in front of a crowd again." If Tyson is a ham, he didn't show it before Thursday's workout at the Golden Gloves Gym. Aside from mandatory appear-

ances at three press conferences promoting his June 16 comeback fight against Henry Tillman, Tyson's entourage has kept him sheltered and his workouts pri-

Even his sparring partners wren't quite sure they should be talking about the former cham-

"It's been kind of hush-hush around here," Refus Hadley tolda writer. "I don't know if its okay

for me to talk to you."

The secrecy had some questioning both his state of mind and his state of conditioning following the devastating knockout loss at the hands of Douglas. Tyson's moodiness at the press conferences only added to the specula-

"I was really never depressed," Tyson said after his workout. It's nothing to cry over. You just pick yourself back up and brush

vourself off and come back." Tyson appeared trim and fit as he worked three four-minute rounds agaiost npcomiog beavyweight Rodolfo Marin and two more rounds with Hadley, a sparring partner he has used since

With a trio of trainers — including newly installed Richie Giachetti - looking on, the former champion managed to land some good shots against the two fighters but took some as well during the workout.

"His intensity level is a lot higher than I've ever seen it," Hadley said, still trying to catch his breath after the session. "He gets in there and doesn't hold back oothing. That's the mark of a true champion."
Giachetti barked most of the

instructions to Tyson, with an occasional command from Jay Bright, who along with Aaron Snowell was roundly criticised for not preparing Tyson properly for Douglas and for a weak performance in his corner.

Giachetti insisted the three trainers were equals; although he appeared more equal than the other two.

"This is team Tyson," said Giachetti, who trained former heavyweight champion Larry Holmes. "Everyone is here for the same reason."

Phoenix slows Portland

Sunday.

PHOENIX (AP) - The Phoenix face a must-win game, and the Suns made sure the Portland Trail Blazers had no more comeback magic Friday night.

Tom Chambers scored 15 of his 24 points as the Suns built a 30-point lead in the first half and went on to beat the Trail Blazers 123-89, cutting their lead to 2-1 in the Western Conference finals.

Phoenix, which blew a 22-point lead in game 2 at Portland Wednesday night, plays host again Sunday in game 4 of the best-of-7 series.

The Suns took a first-quarter advantage of 40-18, the most openiog-period poiots ever allowed by Portland in a playoff game. Phoenix built 61-31 and 70-40 leads in second period en route to a 71-43 halftime margin. The Trail Blazers got no closer

than 25 in the second half. The Suns' largest lead was 103-57 with 1:06 left in the third quarter, putting Portland in jeopardy of losing by the largest margin ever

in an NBA playoff game.

Minneapolis beat St.Louis 133-75 in 1956, but the Trail Blazers' reserves used an 18-0 run in the fourth period to make the final score more respectable.

It was Portland's worst playoff loss ever and the second-biggest postseason victory for Phoenix.

Chambers was 11-for-13 from the field and Jeff Hornacek scored 17 points on 8-for-10 shooting. Kevin Johnson also had points for the Suns, and Jerome Kersey led the Trail Blazers with 16.

Phoenix made 78 per cent of its shots in the opening period — 18 of 23.

Portland, which shot only 33 per cent from the field in the first period (nine of 27), scored the game's first basket and never led

The Suns used a 10-0 run for a 16-4 lead with 8:20 remaining in the first quarter. Chambers had six of his 10 points in the period during the final three minutes. Eddie Johnson's hook and two

free throws capped a 10-0 spurt for a 50-22 Phoenix lead 4:11 into the second period. The Suns led by 30 points twice - 61-31 on Chambers' baseline

jumper 4:26 before halftime and 70-40 on Kurt Rambis' jumper with 42 seconds left. Terry Porter, held to five firshalf points, hit a 3-point goal with

71-43 at intermission. The Suns shot 77 per cent from the field in the first half (30 of 39) to Portland's 40 per cent (20 of

35 seconds remaining to make it

The hobbling Chicago Bulls

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Rahmeh Ali from Bang-

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APPRECIATION

The ITALIAN HOSPITAL in Amman, belong-

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process of updating the technical equipments and

modernising the hospital's facilities according to

PHILADELPHIA

the new policy of the Institution.

Ground floor with garden or roof-top

Siab sponsored the venture and

Swedes eye French Open

Detroit Pistons hope to put the NBA Eastern Conference title Sweden's domination of men's out of reach when the Rivals tennis bas faded but Stefan continue their best-of-7 series Edberg is confident he can become no. 1 by winning the French

to Michael Chang.

U.S. Open in 1988.

30 has dropped by 50 per cent.

copied Sweden's successful iunior

programme, Swedish officials and

coaches say recruiting in their

own country has slowed among

the early teens. Too little money

is spent on top prospects, some

The Swede's recent glory days

in men's world tennis started with

Bjorn Borg, who won an unpre-

cedented five straight Wimbeldon

in Paris six times, the last in 1981.

doubles star Anders Jarryd and

others, inspired by Borg and a

Then came Edberg, Wilander,

While other nations have

The Pistons enter the game "I know I have an excellent chance to make it," says Edberg, a finalist on Roland Garros' clay with a 2-0 lead built on their home floor in Anburn Hills. All eyes Sunday will be on

Micbael Jordan, the always pleasant and ever-available superstar who has been in a snit sinse Tuesday night's embarrassing 102-93 loss at the Palace. At balftime, Jordan chided his teammates and told them they would have to play harder. Then, out of character, Jordan has made himself unavailable to the news

Jordan has hip and wrist injuries and John Paxson has an ankle injury, but coach Phil Jackson said both are improved. They should be ready for Sunday en-

counter at the Chicago stadium. Even if the Bulls lose, the series will continue with a game Monday. But if the Pistons win both games, the series will end. If not, it continues at Detroit's stadium Wednesday night.

"Td like to get it over in as fe ames as possible," said Detroit coach Chuck Daly. "But we need to win at least one of these two games which would really set us

Daly said as far as he is concerned, the series start Sunday. He also expects the Bulls to use Jordan's actions to their advan-

'He's their emotiocal and physical leader, and they'll play better because of what he said and did," Daly said. "This could be the best game of the series, and we're expecting an emotional game from them.

Daly said Detroit's bench has played especially well in this "But a number of our starters

can play better offensively and defensively and I think they will," he added. Joe Dumars is not among his

new junior programme.

The Swedish construction firm concerns. Dumars has led the Pistons in scoring in both games.

ed Wilander, Jarryd, Joakim Nystrom and Hans Simonsson in 1981. When the programme expired two years later, this gang of four had won a combin grand prix titles, including 13 by

Wilander. But in the first 50 tournaments courts in Paris last year and the of 1990, ther were no Swedish top-seed this time in the absence players in the boys top 10 in the of top-ranked Ivan Lendi. world junior rankings, the Inter-national Tennis Federation said Edberg, 24, and fast-improving Magnus Gustafsson, 23, who is this week.

seeded no. 15 in the tournament The last time Sweden had a and ranked a career-high 20th, golden year in tennis was in 1988. Wilander and Edberg comare the only seeded Swedes in leted a Swedish grand slam, Wilander winning the Australian, French and U.S. opens and Edberg capturing Wimbledon. A It's a tournament of Swedish men have dominated more than any other grand slam event, maktotal of 17 grand prix singles titles went to Swedish players that ing 13 of 16 singles finals since 1974 and winning nine of them. In the 1980s, Swedes made all but

great year. In 1989, only two grand prix one of 10 finals and won half of titles plus a victory by Edberg in Edberg, who won one Wimblethe season-ending Masters were don and two Australian Open won by Swedes. titles in addition to two grand

Jarryd still is one of the world's slam doubles crowns since 1985, top doubles players, having won four grand slam titles with lost last year's French Open final different partners and more than A Swede has not been ranked 40 other tournaments. Nystrom, no. 1 for 17 months. Mats Wilanalso formerly in the top 10 in der held the top spot for four singles but now ranked in the low months after beating Lendl in the 300s, has been plagued by injuries in recent years and is now In the last two years, the oumber of Swedes ranked in the top

playing qualifying tournaments. Kent Carlsson, a clay court specialist whose highest career ranking was sixth in 1988, recently retired at the age of 22 due to chronic knee problems. Wilander, who hasn't played tennis since March, has not decided vet if he will play Wimbledon this year. He has committed himself to only one tournament this summer, the Swedish Opeo at

Wilander denies he is quitting the game and recently said he titles, the last in 1980. He won the intends to stay on the circuit endurance test at Roland Garros another two years.

Meanwhile, tennis can he a game of locky and unlucky bounces. Going into the French Open, the ball seems to be bouncing better for the women than the men.

The two-week grand slam tournament, which begins Mon-day at Roland Garros, finds the

the men's circuit in disarray. The womeo's game is alive with compelling storylines:

Steffi Graf, the virtually unbeatable player of the past few years, finds her match in 16-yearold Monica Seles. Martina Navratilova, the 33-year-old former champion, fights to stay near the top. The 14-year-old American sension Jenoifer Capriati threatens to surpass them all be-

fore she's reached high school. None of the men can approach Seles' winoing streak of 24 straight matches and five consecutive tournaments, let alone the 66-match run that Graf had going before being stopped by Seles at the German Open last

"We have a lot more marquee players now," says Navratilova. The field is a lot more open than it was a couple years ago. There are a lot more players who can win tournamets.

The men's ATP tour, meanwhile, has been plagued by injuries, late withdrawals, controversy over appearance money and a dearth of superstars.

Ivan Lendl, Boris Becker, Stefan Edberg, Andre Agassi, Mats Wilander and John McEnroe have played sparingly. Last year's sensation, French Open cham-pion Michael Chang, has won only two matches all year.

Tennis is in a period of transition right now," says Mark Miles, the new chief executive officer of the Association of Tennis

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scratch physically and that his

AMSTERDAM, Netherlands the paper said. (AP) - Dutch newspapers Friday pronounced soccer star Rund Gullit "ready for the World Cup" after his role in AC Milan's victory in the European Champion's

Cup.
AC Millan's 1-0 win against. Bentica Wedoesday marked Gullit's second, full match since recovering from a series of operations on his right knee, and followed speculation that the 27year-old striker might not be fit enough to play in the world championship, which kicks off June 8.

Midfielder Frank Rijkaard, another Datch player, scored AC

"Gullit is ready for the World. Cup," headlined the Rotterdam newspaper Algemeen Dagblad. "His high spirits and ease spread ment on what it called "Gullit's to the whole AC Milan team,"

"He has proved he is back to

instinct hasn't deserted him," wrote De Telegraaf, the nation's largest daily. The finishing touch is a matter of time and Ruud Gullit certainly

has enough of that commodity.

Even though he missed a few

good opportunities, he made the

right moves when it was crucial," the Amsterdam paper said, Other comments were more

skeptical. The Amsterdam newspaper De Vokskrant noted Gullit played "Far below par" but had scared Benfica plenty "just by being

"The specter of Rund Gullit is clearly worth gold on a soccer pitch;" said the paper in a comresurrection."

Press praises Gullit's performance The Amsterdam newspapers Trouw said Gullit has only "a short recovery period in which

with a 69 for 137.

7-under 65.

Dutch team coach Leo Beenhakker noted earlier this month that Gullit was exhausted after playing his first full AC Milan match, a May 12 exhibition

Beenhakker warned at the time that he might drop Gullit from the Dutch team if the Dutch captain couldn't "play up to par for the entire ninety minutes of a game."

ward Sturing from the team.

he'll face a race against the clock.

Atlanta Golf

MARIETTA, Georgia (AP)

Former Masters champion Lar-

ryn Mize shot a 3-under-par 69 to

build a one-shot lead in the

second round of the Atlanta Golf

Mize had a 9-under-par 135

total for his two trips over the

hilly, 7,018-yard Atlanta country club course to hold the lead he

had shared with Australian

Wayne Grady and upstart Steve Lowery in the opening round.

"I'm pretty happy with the way

played," Mize said. "I struck

He held a one-shot advantage

over Howard Twitty, who shot

his second 68 in a quest for his

first victory since winning the

greater Hartford Open 10 years

cost Mize his only bogeys, on the

seventh and ninth holes, but he

capped the day with a 15-foot

same, very upbeat and positive,"

said playing partner Cortis

Strange, the two-time U.S. Open

champion who rallied from

Thursday's 73 with a 67 Friday,

leaving him five shots off the

¹He playing good now, Strange said of Mize.

South African Nick Price, who

tied for second last week in the

Colonial, was alone in third place

Morris Hatalsky had the best

round of the first two days, a

"Larry always seems to be the

birdie mutt on the 18th.

Poor chip shots over the green

the ball fairly solid."

Classic Friday.

against Bologna.

There were no papers on Dutch newsstands Thursday, the

day after AC Millan's victory, because of a public holiday here. On Thursday, Beenhakker announced his final World Cup selection by dropping striker John Bosman and defender Ed-

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C K 4 0 853 4 Q J 9 5 2 South West North East T & Puss I V Pass 1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass Pass ... Past

Opening lead: Jack of O No matter what convention you add to your arsenal, in bidding or thing. Among the more popular de-feusive conventions. play, you have to give up someexperts is the lead of the jack, ten or nine against a no-trump contract shows possession of either none or two higher honors. That played a critical role in this hand from a team.

.The bidding at the two tables was identical. After South described a

balanced minimum North, with a full opening bid and also a balance hand, had no ambitions beyond

three no trump.

At both tables West led the jack of diamonds. At one table the lead had no conventional meaning and declarer had to guess whether it was away from the ace or not. With nothing to guide him, South elected to play the table's queen. East won the ace and returned a diamond and West forced out dummy's stopper. When West gained the lead with the ace of clubs, the defenders could cash just enough diamond tricks to defeat, the contract.

blessed with the knowledge that the opening lead signalled either two higher honors or none. Since it could not be two, it had to be none, marking East with the ace of diamonds. Therefore, declarer followed low from dummy to the first trick and the jack won. West continued with the ten to the queen and East's ace, but East had no dismond

At the other table declarer was

Declarer won the spade shift in hand and forced out the ace of clubs. That gave him a total of 10 tricks—four clubs, two spades, three hearts and a diamond—and a gain of 730 points.

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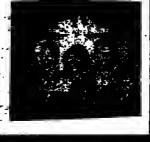
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Yeltsin fails in initial bid to become president of Russia

MOSCOW (AP) — Populist Boris Yeltsin lost his initial bid Saturday to become president of the Soviet Union's largest republic, falling just short of the absolute majority needed from Russian lawmakers.

Yeltsin garnered 503 votes, 28 short of the majority of the 1,060 deputies he needed. His rival, Communist Party functionary Ivan Polozkov, received 479

With oeither candidate elected, the Russian Congress of People's Deputies, parliament, must reopen nominations. Deputies say Yeltsin may run

again, or a oew compromise candidate with better chances of winning a majority may surface. Yeltsin's demands for faster reform led to a clash with Soviet Presideot Mikhail Gorhachev, but he has made a stroog political

comeback and has the backing of millions of Muscovites.

The candidate backed by Gorbachev, Russian Premier Alexander Vlasov, withdrew from the race Friday after it became clear he lacked Yeltsin's popularity.

During his campaign, Yeltsin angered Gorbachev with calls for sovereignty for the Russian Republic, which includes Moscow, the seat of national leadership. Gorhachev accused Yeltsin Wednesday of being anti-Socialist and said his plans for Russian autocomy woold meao "the breaknp of the Soviet Union."

Yeltsin was deposed as Mos-cow party chief after blasting Gorbachev for the slow pace of the Kremlin's reforms, but his popularity among Muscovites was proven when be won election to the oational parliament by a land-

elected he would defend the re-

public from Kremlin interfer-

ence, but could bury personal

differences and work with Gor-

He also is a member of the Communist Party Central Com-

With his bass voice booming through the hall of the great Kremlin Palace, Yeltsin Friday described for the congress his plaos to promote Russiao sovereignty, open a market economy, increase housing and flood stores with consumer goods.

Yeltsin earlier criticised the government programme for a transition to a market economy, presented Thursday by Premier Nikolai Ryzhkov. The government plan includes price hikes that has caused panic hoarding by

Soviet citizens. Russia, by far the largest of the Soviet Union's 15 republics, comprises more than two-thirds of the country's territory and is home to

half the Soviet populace.

A victory for Yeltsin would give the former Moscow party chief a platform from which to challenge Soviet leader Mikhail

"We are in a situation where we are being manipulated. Everything is being done to enable anyone to win except Yeltsin," said Bella Kurkova, one of the country's most popular television

Lithuania premier sees independence in 2 years

WEST BERLIN (R) — Lithuania's Prime Minister said Saturday her rebel Baltic republic could be iodepeodeot io two Presideot Mikhail Gorbachev his

Kazimiera Prunskiene told Reuters the independence movement in the Baltic states and events in Russia were natural processes that could oot be

Oo Friday Gorhaehev

for a period of no less than five

Yeltsin pledged Friday that if

Asked about this, Prunskiene said: "I believe it is also possible to achieve (independence) io up to two years."

Earlier in the week, a senior Lithuanian official bad said Gorbaehev had offered to push through independence in two or three years if the republic sus-

"We are ready to reach agree-

through oegotiations on this transitional process," she said before

Prunskiene, in West Berlin for

"What is happening in the Bal-tic region and in Russia itself is a natural process and it is hardly possible to stop that by order or on the wish of one person, Prunskiene said, speaking io

There have to be negotia-

German.

month and he urged the crowds thronging Moscow shops to be "The situation in the city is getting critical. There is a real

danger of things getting out of control. Hundreds of thousands of people are in the shops," he

Popov said Moscow authorities had been taken completely by surprise hy the speech and that Ryzhkov should have made clear that the reform package - currently being discussed in parlia-ment — had not yet become law.

Moscow

curbs on

food buying

MOSCOW (R) — City author-ities in the Soviet capital post-

poned a ban on food sales to

non-Muscovites Saturday to take

the steam out of panie buying

sparked by looming price hikes likely to result from economic

The city council put off the ban

The council had ordered a two-

week food-buying ban on out-of-

town residents from Saturday to

curb mass purchases hy shoppers

trying to beat big price rises.
"We decided that it would not

be right to do it today. Already

buses from other towns are flood-

ing in with people trying to buy

goods. We will do it from Mon-

day," council leader Yuri Luzh-

Mass buying was sparked when

which basic food prices would

Moscow Mayor Gavriil Popov

said city stores had sold more

vegetable oil and flour Friday

than they normally sold in a

kov told a news conference.

until Monday and appealed to citizens to halt their hoarding

delays

reforms.

SDree.

Roh ends visit to Japan; invites emperor to Seoul

Tokyo (R) — South Korean President Roh Tae-Woo wound up his emotionally charged visit to Tokyo Saturday after winning expressions of remorse from Japan for its past colonial rule, and invited Emperor Akihito to Seol to seal the reconciliation.

"I invited the emperor to visit Korea in: the near future, at his convenience," Roh told a news conference before flying home via the western city of Osaka. The date of the historic trip -

the first to the Korean peninsula by a reigning Japanese monarch
— would be arranged through diplomatic channels, palace officials said.

The visit was not expected to take place before early next year because of the emperor's enthronement due in November.

Rob made clear that, as far as the Seoul government was concerned, the issue of Japan's acknowledgement of guilt for its harsh 1910-45 occupation of Korea had been laid to rest.

"Both the emperor and the prime minister clearly stated Prime Minister Nikolai Ryzhkov Japan's responsibility for the unappeared oo television Thursday fortunate history between our two countries," he said. to outline government plans to revamp the economy, under

"I believe we have finally resolved the issue."

On Thursday, Akihito went further than his late father, Emperor Hirohito, in voicing remorse for Japan's subjugation of the peninsula, which left bitter memories that are still alive

"I think of the sufferings your people underwent during this unfortunate period, which was brought about by my country, and cannot but feel the deepest regret," Akihito said. His father had merely said he regretted the

Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu was even bolder, expressing "my frank apologies for the intolerable suffering and sadness that the people of the Korean peninsula were forced to experience because of my country's deeds."
While acknowledging that these Japanese statements resolved Seoul's long-standing demand for a formal apology, Rob insisted much more needed to be done to ensure fair treatment of the almost 700,000-strong Korean community in Japan. Many were brought to Japan as slave labour,

others are their descendants. "These people who have suffered a great deal in the past are bving amongst you," be told Japanese and foreign reporters. They want their human rights, their civil rights."

The two governments en-gaged in intensive talks before the presidential visit, and even as late as Friday night, in an attempt to reach compromises on legal and other obstacles to the integration of ethnic Koreans into Japanese society.

Among points agreed was the waiving of fingerprinting for the grandchildren of Korean immigrants born since last year.

"I asked (Kaifu) that the firstand second-generation Koreans get the same treatment as the third generation."

Roh said progress was also achieved on two other difficult issues — Japanese help in repatriating Korean labourers left behind on Sakhalin Island when the Soviet Red Army seized it in 1945, and additional compensation for Korean victims of the Hiroshima and Nagasaki astomic homb attacks.

Apart from the legacy of the past, the Japan-South Korean summit also dealt with the two countries' hooming economie ties, with Roh soliciting Tokyo's help in slashing Japan's \$3.6 billion trade surplus with Scoul.

Prime Minister Kaifu also pledged efforts to transfer more high technology know-how to South Korea, he said.

COLLMN

Gorbachev to receive peace prize

ATLANTA (AP) — Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev has been named as the 1991 recipient of the Martin Luther King Jr. Non-violent Peace Prize. The award will be presented to Gorbachev on June 1 at the Soviet embassy in Washington, said Coretta Scott King, chief executive officer of the King Centre and widow of the slain civil rights leader for whom the prize is camed. "No world leader has done more than President Gorbachev to de escalate the arms race and pave the way for greater democracy and econdmie freedom around the world," Mrs. King said Friday. The annual award includes: a medal bearing the likeness of king, a citation and a \$1,000 stipend. The '91 award is being presented early so that it can be given to Gorbachev during his U.S. visit, said King Centre spokesman Steve Klein. The 1990 recipient was the Rev. Joseph Lowery, president of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, the civil rights group founded by

Raisa to open new exhibit of Soviet manuscripts

WASHINGTON (AP) - Raisa Gorbachev will visit the Library of Congress next Thursday during the superpower summit to for-mally opeo an exhibit of historic Russian manuscripts, the library said. A reception in the ornate Southwest Hall will be hosted by Armand Hammer the Occidental Petroleum Corp. chairman and longtime Soviet business partner, who is underwriting the exhibit of 25 books. and manuscripts from the Soviet Union. Some of the materials have never been exhibited in the Soviet Union and none has been seen outside that country, the library said. Among the 200 others expected to attend the reception are Vice President Dan-Quayle's wife, Marilyn and Sen-Claiborne Pell. First Lady Barbara Bush may also attend. Mrs. Gorbachev will be shown some American artifacts, including letters written by George Washington, and will get a demon of the library's computer data collection system and a look at the library's maio reading room.

Bishop ordered to pay clergyman damages in libel suit

BODOE, Norway (AP) -- A

Lutheran bishop was convicted of libel after be called a fellow... clergyman "disloyal" for writing anti-immigration letters to Norwegian oewspapers. The Bodoe City Court, in a 2-1 decision, ordered Bishop Frederik Groenningsacter to pay his subordinate, Pastor Olaf B. Dal. 10,000 kroner (\$1,492) in compensatioo. Groenningsacter said he will appeal the verdict, which was reached Wednesday and published Friday. Dal wrote to newspapers in 1987 and 1988 opposing mass immigration to Norway. "In a number of articles he took a stand that was far from the official view of the church," Groenningsacter said. "I was asked to respond by the newspapers and I did." The bishop was quoted as calling Dal disloyal to the church for esponsing anti-immigration views. Dal soed, demanding 150,000 kroner (\$23,600) in compensatioo. "I always stressed that was speaking as a private person, not as a clergyman," Dai said in a telephone interview

threatens milkman.

MOSCOW (R) — Villagers near the Russian town of Lipetsk think it off his tail." When the remitted driver reached the dairy and sold the watchman of his encounter, the man pointed silenfly to the ball; hovering above a nearly shop. Farmers in three villa also claimed to have seen the ball, the paper said, leading them to ask: "If thirsty humanoids stell-

saying the constitution provided meot and mutual understanding

years and that attempts to stop that process could cost Soviet

appeared to rule out special measures to speed up sovereignty,

vincial leaders have thrown Prime

Minister Brian Mulroney's gov-

ernment into crisis and provoked

new fears of French-speaking

weekend in intense one-on-one

conferences with the provincial

premiers, hoping to find a com-

promise and salvage what is

known as the Meech Lake Agree-

ment before a June 23 deadline.

da's 1982 constitution. A prop-

osed amendment containing five

major points essectial in

Quebec's eyes was agreed to and

signed hy Mulroney and all 10 premiers at Meech Lake, near

Ottawa, in 1987. They set a three-

year deadline for ratification by

The governments changed in

three provinces, and the new

UNITED NATIONS (AP) —

North Korea's ambassador said

Friday that the two Korean states

should begin early talks on joint

membership in the United Na-

tions and sharing a single seat

"Our new position by President Kim Il Sung is realistic and

practical and hased upoo the

changing world situation, which

with rotating responsibilities.

all provincial legislatures.

Quebec refused to sign Cana-

Mulroney was spending the

Quebec's secession.

pended its declaration. Lithuania said the offer was not door open for negotiations.

Squabble over Quebec throws

Canadian government into crisis

foundland, Gary Filmon of Man-

itoba and Frank McKenna of

New Brunswick - balked at the

trooblesome for many opponents

- and virtually the only one the

public remembers — would de-

fine Quebec as a "distinct socie-

make oo threatening noises, but

Premier Robert Bourassa has re-

peated that while he is willing to

consider further discussion later

on the concerns of the dissenting

provinces, Quebec will accept no

changes whatever to the agree-

"I have this terrible feeling that

ment signed three years ago.

we're canable of blowing this,"

said Alberta Premier Donald

Getty, a strong Meech hacker,

afterward -- the previous posi-

Sonth Korea has not officially

responded, but Asian diplomats

said privately that the North Ko-

rean proposal was unrealistic and

imagine how a Communist and

non-Communist state with radi-

cally different systems could

cooperate on foreign policy ques-

tions io the 159-nation world

Both Korean states currently

"If the North and South are to

hold non-voting observer status

join the U.N. before Korea's

reunification is achieved," Presi-

dent Kim said, "they must not

hold two separate seats, but enter

it jointly as one member in favour

South Korea bas opened a

campaign for single, early mem-

in the 160-nation body.

They said it was difficult to

after his meeting with Mulroney.

North Korea calls for sharing

single seat with South in U.N.

without precedent.

Quebec has been careful to

ty" from the rest of Canada.

Of the five points, the most

Meech Lake Agreement.

enough, but Prunskiene left the

talks with West Berlin's governing mayor. Walter Momper. "I hope it is possible to find

an ail-German Catholic congress, was expected to meet West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl.

On the possibility that Gorbachev might use his new powers as president to impose direct rule on Lithuania, she said: "He could lose power if he tries to stop

try bere and the enormity of that

should sink into people's minds."

the other hand, many

degrees with the sudden resigna-

tion last week of Lucieo

Bouchard, Mulroney's environ-

ment minister, longtime personal

friend and lieutenant for Quebec.

Bouchard quit after a special par-

liamentary committee searching

for a Meech Lake compromise

separately and simultaneously.

North Korea rejects those formu-

las, saying they would perpetuate

"We believe that joint mem-

bership should be considered in

the interests of the Korean nation

as a whole, and to avoid the

Ambassador Pak said in an inter-

view with the Associated Press.

South Korea has the sincere will

to solve our national problem,"

be said, adding that support from

the United States, South Korea's

main ally, also was important.

single seat, be said, would hasten

the process of reunification.

Early joint membership with a

"We are most eager to discus

this io a Korean dialogne,'

Ambassador Pak said, "and we

bave no problem with a dialogue

"Our proposal is possible, if

continuation of divisioo."

the division of the peninsula.

anti-French feelings.

issued its report.

Interviews with a wide range of

She said Lithuania, which has been hit by an economic blockade imposed by Moscow, was aware it would not be possible to solve the crisis in months but was always ready to talk.

tions. It is impossible to talk unilaterally about reaching an agreement," she said.

Citing massacre, contras break off

Quebecois indicate many of them feel they are once again being rejected by English Canada. On MANAGUA, Nicaragua (AP) -Nicaraguan rebels have broken off Anglophone Canadians think disarmament talks accusing the Quebec is seeking special treat-Sandinista-domioated army of killing 14 disarmed guerrillas and ment, privileges and powers. This is sometimes coloured by strong 100 civilians in northern Nicar-

Defence Ministry spokesman Temperatures mounted several Carlos Lara called the charges

The Government of Violeta Barrios de Chamorro, which succeeded the Sandinista administration a month ago but left Sandinistas in charge of the military, promised to look into the report.

Commander Oscar Sobalvarro and other leaders of the rebels. known as contras, issued a communique initially charging that five disarmed contras were killed and nine others were missing after a May 18 army massacre near Wasiala in Matagalpa province, 241 kilometres northeast of Man-

But during a Friday might meeting with the government, a delegation of the anti-Sandinista rebels said the casualties were greater that 14 contras and 100 civilians had heen slain, according to Roberto Ferrey, one of the government representatives.

"If the charges bear ont, the government is prepared to order an exhaustive investigation and punishment sanctioning whoever turns out to be responsible," said

He said Chamorro ordered an on-site investigation with the participatioo of Cardinal Miguel Obando Y Bravo. The rebel communique had called for the United Nations and Obando Y Bravo to investigate.

The rebels learned of the aileged massacre Thursday, the same day that disarmament talks with the government got under way, Sobalvarro said in a news conference.

backed Chamorro in Nicaragua's Feb. 25 elections that ended a decade of Sandinista rule.

But the contra high command suspended disarmament on May 19, and fewer than 1,500 fighters, of an estimated total of 11,000, have surrendered their weapons

Sovalbarro said Friday the rebel high command will continue to suspend the disarmament.

Bush signs C. American aid bill KENNEBUNKPORT, Maine House statement said Bush

(AP) - President George Bush has begun a pre-summit vacation by signing into law an aid package for Panama and Nicaragua. The measure provides \$ 420

million for Panama, which is re-building after U.S. economic sanctions and an invasion last December to topple Manuel

Antonio Noriega from power. Nicaragua's new government, led by U.S.-backed President Violeta Chamorro, will receive \$300 million. Chamorro is seeking to revive Nicaragua's economy after 11 years of leftist Sandinista rule, civil war and U.S

Overall, the spending measure provides \$4:4 billion in domestie spending and foreign assistance. The administration's committment to sending aid to Panama and Nicaragua led Bush to accept spending provisions for the pet domestic projects of some law-

The measure was flown to Bush's seaside Maine compound for his signature, and a White signed it Friday night. Bush is vacationing at his

munit with Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev. The White House had announced earlier that Bush had telephoned both Chamorro and

Panamanian President Guillermo The two Latin leaders "expressed their gratitude for the congressional action and thanked

(Bush) for his efforts on behalf of their countries," Deputy White House Press Secretary Stephen Hart said in a statement. "They stated that this is a major step forward in solidifying and supporting the growth of

democracy in Panama and Nicaragua," Hart added. President Guillermo Endara at

a news conference Friday promised judicious use of the money for "the greatest benefit to all Panamanians." Nicaraguan presidential spokesmao Danilo Lacayo said the money would

Congress gave final approval to the \$420 million for Panama and Maine retreat before next week's \$300 million for Nicaragua as U.S. lawmakers rushed to adjourn for a weekend recess. Bush had asked for \$800 million in early March.

The lawmakers whittled the figure down and padded the bill with \$4 in domestic aid for every dollar of Latin aid.

When finally seot to Bush on a 308-108 House vote, the measure had swelled to more than \$4 billion. It included programmes that ranged from filling in a collapsed utility tunnel on a North Carolina street to giving the Samoan Islands a \$750,000 ferry

It also incloded other foreign assistance: \$75 millioo to meet refugee needs around the world. \$45 million in anti-narcotics aid to Bolivia and Peru, \$30 million for aid to Caribbean countries and \$30 million for Africa.

But overshadowing those amounts was several billion dollars in domestic programmes.

Ceausescu's son denies genocide

SIBIU, Romania (Agencies) — Nicu Ceausescu, the playboy son of executed dictator Nicolae Ceausescu, denied at the start of his trial Saturday that his actions during Romania's bloody uprising last December amounted to

Nicu, wearing tinted glasses,

He told the military tribunal: 'What I have done does oot amount to a true definition of

accused of committing genocide by ordering troops to shoot unarmed demonstrators in Sibiu, the central Romanian city where he was Communist Party boss before his father's overthrow on

nian leader, was also charged separately with firearms offences. After the reading of the lengthy indictment, Nicu, casually dressed in a red sweater, opennecked shirt and blue checked sports jacket, read a statement in which he claimed he had ordered

cumstances." He explained that in a teleTransylvanian city Timisoara, where the uprising began, and other parts of the country, were

why he had ordered the use of firearms without warning.

"This did not mean it was my intention that weapons should be used against the civilian population of Sibiu," he told the trial,

tyle, womanising and drinking made him, for most Romanians,

He said he had layed backgammon and sorted out a problem for the local soccer team on Dec. 18 and that he first heard about civilian deaths in Timisoara on Dec. 20 when he tuned into Itahan television using his personal satellite dish.

more Securitate troops in Sibiu because he could not rely on local forces to crush the uprising. In the indictment the court

ministers had invited Nicu to take over power on Dec. 22. Nicu ordered a helicopter to fly him to Bucharest but when it failed to arrive he was driven there by his girlfriend.

On arrival in the capital be was recognised and arrested before he could join up with forces loyal to his father. The trial is expected to last

several days.
Nicu's sister Zoe and his halfbrother Valentin are also both in detention awaiting trial on corruption charges. On arrival in the capital be was

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ruption charges.
Nicu's uncle Nicolae, one of the dictator's brothers, is being tried on a charge of multiple

Nicolae Ceausescu and his wife Elena were executed by firing squad on Dec. 25.

Meanwhile, the supreme court Friday rejected the final appeal by four of Ceausescu's top aides of their life sentences for backing the dictator's order to shoot in the December revolution, the state-run news agency Rompres reported.

at all, at any time." "The talks with the government a hated symbol of the moral are suspended indefinitely, until bankruptcy of his father's govern-Colombians under siege on the incideot is investigated and those guilty of the massacre of the He told the court he had three demobilised rebels are punished," cars and \$11,000 in the Romanian the contra commander said. eve of presidential elections Foreign Trade Bank and that the Lara branded the charges "Part Dec. 22 last year. only food be ate in Sibio was of a contra propaganda campaign Eighty-oioe people, mostly brought by plane each day from aimed at creating mistrust and civilians, were killed in Sibiu and incharest. He sat and leafed through pap-They said 30 people were killed insecurity among those who are BOGOTA (R) — Colombians were killed wheo a car bomb blew 218 injured before the Ceausescu up ootside a luxury hotel in the in shootings and guerrilla attacks trying to demobilise and disarm regime collapsed there. The trial, at which Nicu faces ers while the indictment was read city Thursday. according to agreements with the and smiled and shrugged at one Western diplomats say the traf-Local anthorities imposed a 10 life imprisonment if convicted, government." stage in his testimony when the p.m. to 4 a.m. curfew in Medellin fickers may be trying to scare A May 4 agreement between was the most eagerly awaited of judge interrupted to tell him to be Friday night in a bid to stop the those of at least six of the dicta-tor's close relatives and was televoters into turning against froncontras and the government set a more precise. "Excuse me. It's bloody nine-month-old contrunning Liberal party candidate June 10 deadline for the rebels to bombings. The bombers managed to get frontation with cocaine cartels. the first time I've been (io Cesar Gaviria, who has pledged give up their weapons. Many of vised live. to carry on with President Virgithrough despite an iotensive those weapons had been supplied Nicu, the youngest of Ceanses lio Barco's anti-drug offensive. security operation known as the by the United States, which also cu's three children and once re-He told the court that Sibio had garded as his successor as Roma-

Colombians will also vote Sunday in a referendum on whether to call a constituent assembly to reform the 1886 constitution.

"stabilise a little the situation we

genocide. looked haggard after spending five months in jail and undergoing surgery following a knife attack after his arrest.

Nicu, who gave his age as 38, is

shooting only in "special cir-

phone conference on Dec. 17 his father had told him that the

under attack by foreigners. That was the reason, Nicu said,

being held in a ball where he once chaired leadership meetings of the local Communist Party. Nicu Ceausescu's playboy lifes-

been calm until he heard what be believed was automatic gunfire on Dec. 21.

Nicu also denied asking for

beard that one of Ceausescu's

UFO reportedly

thirsty visitors from space may be trying to kidnap the local milkman, a newspaper has reported. The daily Selskaya Zhizn quoted Vladimir Akhaltsev as saying he was trailed by a shining ball one night as he drove his milk tanker to a dairy near Lipetsk, close to the southern city of Votor where Soviet media reported the landing of three-eyed extraterrestrials less autumn. It said Akhalisev speeded up to escape the alien craft, but even when he reached 100 kilometres per hour the ball was still following faint. For half an hour he tried to throw

The four were convicted on Feb. 2 of complicity in genocide the milk?

includes forthcoming German reunification and the union of the two Yemeni states," said Ambassador Pak Gil Yoo, the permanent observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. It was the second straight day in which the government of Pyongyang promoted the proposal for a single U.N. seat before reunification.

President Kim said in a speech of the reunification cause." Thursday that the two Korean states should join the world body before reunification of the divided Korean peoinsula, oot bership of the Seoul government,

were under siege from car bombs on the eve of Sunday's presidential elections which will pass a verdict oo the government's

A car containing 30 kilogrammes of explosives blew up in a residential area of the capital, Bogota, on Friday night, injuring at least five people in the fourth urban bombing in three days. The blast destroyed three

houses, damaged dozens more.

and brought down power cables

in the Las Villas suburb, witnesses said. Three bombs have exploded in the cocaine capital Medellin, 250 kilometres northwest of Bogota, since Wednesday. Nine people

· 30

"Democracy Plan" which the government has implemented to ensure people can vote safely. Police say the drug barons, in

their war on the state, have step-

diers were patrolling big cities, stopping vehicles and searching them. Police arrested hundreds of suspects in raids in Bogota.

ped up the bombing campaign to intimidate voters. Thousands of police and solSome political commentators

said fear of bombs could stop many people from voting Sunday. But Barco said Friday be was confident Colombians were not frightened. "The country will not let itself be scared," he told re-